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## BEVIN BACKS PEKING REGIME

### Chinese Communists' Entry Into UN

#### London Gas Strike To End

##### MEN'S DECISION

London, Oct. 5. London's gas strikers tonight decided to go back to work on Monday and end the 21-day-old strike, which has cut off supplies to many areas.

The 1,400 maintenance men at four of the city's main gas works decided to call off their strike, which was for an extra 3d an hour. Ten leaders of the unofficial gas strikers were released today to a month in prison for "maliciously" breaking their contracts.

The "end of the strike" call was supported by a majority at a mass meeting held by the strikers after their comrades had been released at a City Court earlier in the day.

Mr. Claude Berridge, the London district secretary of their union, said "a substantial minority" had urged that the strike should go on.

"But," he added, "I am fairly confident that the decision will be accepted."

The meeting said that its decision was conditional on the withdrawal of the strikers from the gas works, an assurance that there would be no victimization, and the start of negotiations for a bonus scheme for the workers.

##### RELEASED ON BAIL

The decision narrowly averted a threatened extension of the strike to 5,000 production men at the works—so far the stoppage has been confined to maintenance men.

Secret ballots were to have been taken whether to extend the strike, following the imprisonment of the 10 men on.

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 4)

#### THANKS TO TYPHOON

#### Water Restrictions Lifted

The heavy rainfall in the wake of the typhoon which had been threatening the Colony for the past two days has filled all the reservoirs on both the Island and Mainland, and as a result the Water Authority has lifted recent restrictions, and, starting today, a constant supply of water will be supplied from 6 a.m. to 11 p.m.

It was emphasised, however, that as soon as the overflow in the reservoirs ceases, restrictions will be re-imposed unless there is further rainfall.

Between midnight last night and 6 o'clock this morning, 2.27 inches of rain fell, bringing the total for the year to 78.19 inches. Since midnight Wednesday, therefore, 6.15 inches of rain has fallen over the Colony.

Further rain is forecast, but there are prospects of the weather improving.

The Royal Observatory reported that at 3 a.m. today the typhoon was situated within 30 miles of 21.7 degrees North, 121.2 degrees East, moving west or west-north-west at five to eight knots. This places the storm, which is rapidly filling up, about 120 miles west-north-west of Hongkong.

The typhoon is expected to completely fill up as soon as it enters the coast.

#### Coal Mine Disaster

Santiago, Oct. 5. Thirty-four miners died in an explosion today at the coal mine in Lata, about 400 miles south of Santiago. The Ministry of the Interior announced that five miners were injured.

## POLICY APPLAUDED AT LABOUR PARTY'S CONFERENCE

Margate, Kent, Oct. 5.

The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, said today it was better to "usher Communist China into the comity of nations"—the United Nations—than to "make her fight her way in."

Applause greeted this remark, made at the Labour Party's annual conference which afterwards endorsed his foreign policy by a vote of six to one.

"I have no doubt that if the statesmen of China do not indulge in aggression and upset the show again—if there is a little patience shown and events are handled carefully—that ere long the new China will find herself associated with the rest of us in trying to build a new world," Mr. Bevin declared.

They did not look upon Asia as "purely India, Pakistan, Ceylon and Indonesia and the rest," he said.

"These countries are like a patchwork with different hues of a whole pattern. But Asia as Asia is emerging."

The question was how? Could she be peacefully led without being the victim of revolution and war?

China was "a great country," Mr. Bevin continued.

The British Government had taken the line that she should be incorporated in the United Nations and helped to make her contribution. She was part of the "great Asian emergence." Some did not agree with Britain about China at the beginning, but world public opinion was now working round to that point of view, he declared.

On Korea, Mr. Bevin said he believed in the unification of an independent Korea with the United Nations as custodian until the country got on its feet, and with United Nations troops available until law and order could be established.

Calling for support for the British initiative on this in the United Nations, he challenged his critics to produce a saner or more just proposal.

He recalled that India had "thrown her weight against aggression," adding, "I was sorry India could not quite sponsor all of it."

Welcoming the acceptance of Indonesia into the United Nations as an independent country, Mr. Bevin said that it had risen to the occasion.

She made the great decision as Britain made it over India. Reviewing the failure of his efforts to get understanding with Soviet Russia, Mr. Bevin declared, "Russia can sit down at a table with us tomorrow. We will forget the past. But we have a right to be treated as honest people."

#### KEYSTONE OF POLICY

The Defence Minister, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, opened today's debate by introducing a report by the Executive Committee of the Party on the international situation. This asserted that collective security through the United Nations was the keystone of the Labour Government's foreign policy, and that in Korea United Nations action had immensely strengthened its authority and prestige.

The critics of the official leadership included Mr. Harold Davies, Member of Parliament, who moved the rebel resolutions, Mr. Ian Mikardo, Mr. Ronald Chamberlain, Member of Parliament, and Mr. Eamonn Duggan, Member of Parliament. Most of them urged that Britain should be closely tied to the United States.

In his address Mr. Bevin said that from the day he took office in 1947, he had tried to be friends with Russia. He had had more insults from Molotov and Vyshinsky than he had.

Why, he asked, had a small country like Turkey to endure years of a nerve war? "Is Turkey going to attack Russia? Why has she been compelled to bear the cost of mobilisation all this time?" Mr. Bevin wanted to know.

Why, he continued, was there continual conflict in Greece? He believed that President Truman had prevented a world struggle in the Middle East, if that conflict had started they might have seen the whole of the Middle East right down to India go.

Turning to Germany, Mr. Bevin recalled the Berlin blockade and said, "I have not heard one fellow traveller who condemned the efforts to starve two and a half million people."

Switching to Korea Mr. Bevin said that the State was created by the United Nations and guaranteed by the United Nations.

The tanks the North Koreans used were not made in Korea. They were sent there to wipe out South Korea and present the United Nations with a fait accompli.

At one time there was a possibility of two struggles going on simultaneously—in Germany and in the Far East, Mr. Bevin went on.

Defending the Government's commitment policy he asked why had Eastern Germany been granted 100,000 police who were (Continued on Page 5 Col. 1)

## North Korean Forces Turn Round And Fight

Tokyo, Oct. 5.

North Korean forces stood and fought today for the first time since the South Korean forces crossed the 38th Parallel. They gave battle at a strategic point 80 miles north of the line.

In the central sector, where General MacArthur was assembling his main forces, North Koreans were reported to be manning their old positions a few miles above the Parallel.

British infantry were flown north to just below the Parallel during the day, while the rest of the British Commonwealth brigade in Korea—which consists of two British battalions and one Australian—moved up by road.

Observers believed that this hasty and expansive movement indicated that General MacArthur was planning to order a composite force over the North-South Korean border soon. These would include the British Commonwealth troops, American forces already regrouped near the Parallel and Filipino troops who are expected to be moved up shortly.

#### STRONG POSITION

The North Koreans, who have put up little opposition till now to the South Koreans' advance into their territory, picked a point three miles north of Changjin to stand and fight today.

At this point the east coast road is skirted by the sea and high mountains and the North Koreans had strong deep defence positions behind it. Frontline reports said that about 2,250 Communists gave no ground on the east coast road to Wonsan, though the Southerners brought up reinforcements and called in powerful air strikes.

The South Koreans were blocked by road mines and barbed wire in front of an intricate network of trenches in depth.

The North Koreans were fighting bitterly. The Southern Third Division, which yesterday captured Kozong, 55 miles north of the Parallel, almost unresisted, had expected a Communist stand another 30 miles or at Wonsan, one of the few major towns of Northern Korea.

#### DIGGING IN

The main forces of the South Korean Capital Division advancing into Northern Korea further inland, reported fighting a pocket of 1,200 Northerners left behind in the quick dash over the border.

In the centre of the Parallel, the 5th Air Force reported that the North Koreans were trying to occupy the positions from which they launched their June offensive into the South and were digging in.

These positions stretch from Huelin in the west to Hwachon, about 50 miles from the east coast, on a line running between 10 and 20 miles from the border. The 5th Air Force continued to hammer Northern forces just

north of the Parallel, according to tonight's air communiqué.

American intelligence officers reported today that Communist guerrillas, operating in groups of from 10 to 1,000 men, had increased their activity in the last 48 hours.

Some groups of well-equipped Northern troops up to 2,000 strong were reported still roaming the Southern countryside, trying to break through to the north.

But most of the fleeing Northerners were without even rifles. The American Eighth Army, in its first communiqué since October 2, said today that its units had been regrouping for the past few days.

Communications were being re-established and long supply lines were gradually catching up with their organisations, the communiqué said. Communist forces south of a line running through Seoul, Taegon, Taegu and Pusan were believed to be "completely ineffective."—Reuter.

## 10 Buried In HK Landslide

### Seven Feared Dead

Seven people are believed killed as a result of a huge landslide above Sing Wo Road, Happy Valley, about 6 o'clock this morning. One body, that of a six-year-old girl, has since been recovered, and the Fire Brigade is attempting to extricate the other buried victims.

Three others were injured and have been sent to Queen Mary Hospital.

The casualties were all squatters living in huts built on the hillside below the Hong Kong Jockey Club Stables.

At approximately 6 a.m. today, the earth on the hillside above the huts began to move, giving first warning of the slide to follow. Some of the inmates of the huts managed to get out in time, but the others were trapped beneath 100 tons of earth which came crashing down.

Two appliances were rushed to the scene by the Fire Brigade, which also despatched an ambulance and the emergency rescue tender.

Police were also sent out in strength, and they assisted in the rescue operations while keeping crowds of curious sightseers away from the danger area.

After digging for some time, the body of the little girl was found. She was dead.

According to Fire Brigade officials, three adults and three children are still buried beneath the mass of earth. Rescue operations were continuing at the time of going to press.

## SEOUL BADLY SMASHED UP

London, Oct. 5.

Mr. George Morrison, first member of the United Nations Commission in Korea to re-enter Seoul after its recapture by the Americans, said in London today that only about 10 of the decent sized buildings in the city were left standing.

"Seoul was pretty well smashed," he said. "We drove past completely ruined apartment stores and office buildings and found the Duksoo Palace, in which the United Nations Commission had been quartered, a blackened shell."

Mr. Morrison, Information Officer attached to the Commission, was interviewed when he arrived in London by air on his way to Lake Success.

"I was in Seoul with press correspondents when the firing ceased on Thursday morning of last week," he said.

He said that the Commission's advanced party moved back into Seoul on Friday and preparations were being made when he left for the immediate return to the city of the whole Commission.

Reuter.

Housewives of West Berlin who are without water because of the Russian sector's shutdown of water supplies, carry out the weekly wash in the street while a boy stands by to fill buckets with a hose pipe. About 50,000 people are affected by the water cut which Western officials had not anticipated. Russian-licensed newspapers were quick to use the shortage as a propaganda weapon. They said Eastern Berlin had repeatedly offered to provide water and electric power to Western Berlin, but the officials had refused to sign a trade agreement.—London Express Service.

## CONSULATE EMPLOYEES ON TRIAL

Prague, Oct. 5. Four Czechoslovakian, former employees of the United States Consulate here, were tried secretly before a Prague State Court today.

They were a young clerk, Sýkora, Josef Plátek, believed to be a chauffeur, and two young girl clerks, Hlavena Baronova and Milena Machackova.

The four left the service of the American Consulate in June after the Czech Government had demanded a two-third reduction in Consular and Embassy staffs.

According to reports, they were arrested a few weeks later near the German frontier. They were alleged to have been about to try to escape into the American Zone of Germany.—Reuter.

#### EDITORIAL

### Mr. Attlee's Worries

MORE than ordinary interest attaches to this year's annual conference of the British Labour Party now being held at Margate, for from it will emerge the broad outlines of the Socialists' platform for the next General Election, thought by many observers in Britain, to be not far away. Moreover, the conference finds the government's wage-freeze and allied economic policies being challenged by the rank and file of the Party, and in such a manner as to suggest that Sir Stafford Cripps will be forced to modify his arbitrary dictum regarding profits as well as wages. The Cabinet hardly dare openly defy the majority opinion of its Party members on wage-freezing even though it believes that to allow wages to find an unfettered level means serious aggravation of the problem of inflation. The prime difficulty confronting Mr. Attlee and his colleagues, however, is to convince the ordinary worker that the dangers of inflation are more important of consideration than a bulky pay envelope which will provide the worker with a weekly margin enabling him to enjoy the improved standards of living to which the government gives so much emphasis. Those in Britain on the basic salary or just above it are having a trying time endeavouring to make ends meet. The low purchasing power of the Pound is hitting them hard and their problem is not made easier by the persistent tendency for prices to rise. Boots and shoes, as well as repair work, are soon to cost more, and so also, in the London area, is transportation. Tens of thousands of housewives are viewing the approach of winter with grave apprehensions, afraid they will be unable to budget for the daily essentials. The government's wage-freezing policy may have made its contribution to the economic recovery of the nation, but to many classes of wage earners it has been a grim restriction and one with which the people are fast losing any tolerance. The Cabinet will have to give way and sacrifice to some extent this feature of its national economic policy, and if it does so with good grace it may be rewarded by increased production which, according to Sir Stafford Cripps, is the one and only justification for any freezing of wage levels. For this, however, the government must depend upon the goodwill of the people, and there is not a great deal of it visible in the country today. Mr. Attlee has other worries, not the least being dissension among his colleagues in the House of Commons. Mr. Aneurin Bevan has promised "unity on the battlefield of the elections" but the Prime Minister, gratified though he may be with his gesture, cannot easily forget the unofficial revolt of certain back-benchers during past months, and more particularly when the Steel Nationalisation measure came before the House recently for a decisive vote. Only unqualified approval for his policies from the Margate conference can wholly reassure Mr. Attlee as to his position as leader of the Parliamentary Labour Party and provide him with the necessary power to deal effectively with his recalcitrant Socialist MPs. Nor is it discounted in London that the presence of these "rebels" in the House may prompt Mr. Attlee to nominate an early election date. On domestic issues the Socialists might just as well go to the country now as to wait until next year, and if the Labour Party succeeded again in its appeal to represent the nation, it would offer Mr. Attlee the perfect opportunity for a Cabinet reshuffle which, many observers believe, he has long wanted to effect. Additionally, it has been made quite clear that Mr. Attlee is anything but happy trying to govern with a handful of majority votes at his disposal. There are, in fact many reasons why an election will come before Christmas, not the least being that the country itself would welcome the chance of bringing to an end the present stalemate by the further use of its franchise.

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★ ★ ★



OLGA MURPHY.

## Woman to woman Camel hair is back

DESIGNERS this season have brought the camel hair coat up to date. It retains its straight simple lines, but both trimmings and pure camel coats are made with deep Dolman sleeves. They can be worn both belted and loose.

Worn with black, and a velvet belt in town, or with more casual clothes in the country, a camel hair coat is smart.

### VELVET SHOES

At a preview of autumn shoes, I saw the new velvet (or velvet) court shoe.

Velvet shoes have been popular for day wear in America for some time. They are elegant and comfortable to wear, but not so popular with women with broad feet.

Evening shoes in silver, laid with black lace looked attractive. Other evening shoes were most entirely of black velvet baby ribbon.

### GLASS CRAZE

IN AMERICA, women are wearing black velvet waistcoats and a pocket watch and fob. The fob hangs from a gilt snake chain across the front of the waistcoat.

In Paris, there is a craze for glass ornaments. In the bedroom, small glass animals are placed on a round piece of mirror.

One of the most popular ornaments is a green glass crocodile holding a black glass Hitler boy in his jaws.

In London, I have seen black machine-made, pleated gorgette which cannot come out even with cleaning or washing.

### COOKING HINTS

Do you know that liver tastes better with lemon juice squeezed on it before serving?

Broccoli is good served with butter and blanched almonds?

Susan Deacon



A narrow band of platinum link makes a luxurious necklace for afternoon wear. It's one of Paris' latest fashions and the brainchild of Pierre Balmain, who includes the novel accessory in his autumn collection. The soft, furry circle is fastened under one ear with a tiny white rose.

# Would You Call It Easy Money?

By VICKI SILVA-WHITE

Every year hundreds of girls register with London agencies in the hope of becoming famous models.

But there are only about 40 "top-line regulars." They get the pick of the jobs — filming, television, photography and mannequin work. They can rely on regular jobs and as many as they can fit in.

Most of them admit they owe much to chance, but they have to work hard to stay with the leaders.

Secret of their success is not only a pretty face and a good figure. For photography it pays to have a "fashionable" face. A model must not only walk well, but have the sort of personality that "goes over" to the audience.

How hard is it to get to the top? These stories of models of different types give the clue.



EMMA NEIL.

OLGA MURPHY, 27-year-old, raven-haired mother of a six-year-old daughter, has been a top-liner for four years.

She got her first break when a model fell ill just before a Scottish tour. She filled the gap at a moment's notice, with no previous experience.

Olga lives in a small flat overlooking Battersea Park, has been married to a fuel technologist for nine years. Most nights find her behind her sewing machine. She gets ideas from the shows, makes all her own and her daughter's clothes.

"When you're established you can work from 8 a.m. till midnight any day of the week. But my home and family come first. I only take enough work to fit in with that, but I still work hard," she said.

Off duty Olga wears a black, tailored suit. "I seem to live in it, varying the blouse and hats which I make myself. Of course I have clothes, but now we're saving to buy a house in Putney."

Three years ago she went to have a photograph taken. The photographer said she should try modelling. So she did.

She reckons £10 a week are her minimum earnings. £30 can easily be earned in a good week. Once she reached £68.

She lives in a furnished house in Chelsea with a housekeeper to look after her, has expensive tastes and can afford to indulge them. She likes nice clothes, trips abroad.

She reckons her expenses are high. Sometimes she spends £5 a week on taxis to appointments.

"I suppose I get more fun out of life than many girls. I meet lots of new people every day, love theatres and parties. I can pack up and take a holiday any time I feel like it as a free-lance. But I have to work hard—sometimes 12 hours a day."

EMMA NEIL, model for 46in. hip sizes. She is 46, tall, dark and stately, lives in Langley and has been married for 21 years.

She has been modelling since she was 18. It began when she went to a fashion show in Newcastle and decided that she must be a model. So she began as a teen-ager in the North. By the time she was 21 her hips were 38in. and she was rapidly putting on weight.

"I thought I was finished, but I'm still at it—and there's less competition when you're my size. So I eat what I like and reckon I can go on a long while yet—unless my feet let me down."

# A Delicious Jellied Soup

By Alice Denhoff

THE big frost is on! The "frost" to which we refer can be man-and-machine-made, may be applied to such culinary delights as ice-creaming your food, or serving your soup cold, or rubbing sugar around the rims of beverage glasses, and all sorts of cold stunts, that should receive a warm welcome from family and guests.

A pretty cook indeed is Jacqueline Frost as she prepares a

delicious jellied soup, something special we promise you. For 6-8 portions place 2/3 c. each finely-diced carrots, finely-diced onions,

2 1/2 c. of water and 4 chicken bouillon cubes in kettle. Bring to boil, and simmer, covered, 1 1/2 hour longer. Add 1/2 c. chopped dill pickles and tsp. Worcestershire sauce. Measure, and for each c. soup, use tsp. plain unflavoured gelatin. Soften gelatin in 1/4 c. cold water for 5 min. Reheat soup to boiling point, add gelatin, stirring until latter is dissolved. Chill. When slightly thickened, stir to prevent vegetables from settling to bottom. Chill until softly set. Serve in bouillon cups.

firm. Pour 3c. freshly-made double-strength coffee over the ice in tall glasses, and put a large spoonful of the frozen mixture on top. Ah!

For a coolish delight for 4, dissolve 1/2 c. sugar in 3/4 c. hot water, and 1/2 c. light corn syrup, 1/4 c. lemon juice and 1/2 c. sweetened raspberry juice or loganberry juice. Pour into tray of automatic refrigerator; freeze until firm. Beat one egg white until stiff, add the frozen mixture, then beat until blended. Return quickly to freezing tray, and freeze until firm. Stir once when partially frozen.

### PLEASANT CONFECTION

For a frosted confection that is refreshing and pleasing to the palate, mix 1/2 c. of grapefruit juice taken from 2 1/2 c. grapefruit sections and juice. Combine 1/2 c. water and 2/3 c. sugar, stir over low heat until sugar is dissolved. Add softened gelatin, stir until dissolved. Combine with remaining grapefruit sections and juice. Add a few drops of peppermint flavouring, then a few drops of green vegetable colouring. Pour into refrigerator freezing tray, freeze until firm but not hard. To serve, pile into tall stemmed glasses. Makes 4 servings.

### SOMETHING SPECIAL

For something special with which to regale guests, combine 1/2 c. firmly packed dark brown sugar and 1/4 c. water in top of double boiler, place over direct heat, and stir until sugar is dissolved and the mixture boils. Pour slowly into 2 beaten egg yolks, stirring constantly; cook over boiling water until thickened. Remove from heat, add 1/2 tsp. salt and tsp. vanilla; chill. Beat 2 egg whites until stiff and fold into mixture with 2/3 c. heavy cream, whipped. Pour into freezing tray of automatic refrigerator and freeze until



Françoise Flore, of Folies Bergere, wore this side winged hat and a brocade cocktail jacket at a Mayfair restaurant. (London Express Service)

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## Doll Collection Shows Fashion Down The Ages

DREWER, Mr.—Mrs Evelyn Green of Brewer has a collection of nearly 200 dolls depicting the dress of mankind from 10,000 B.C. to the present.

The dolls include a fur-clad cave man and woman, historically famous figures, persons from the Gay Nineties and modern-day hobby coxes.

Mrs Green has been pursuing her hobby for 14 years and her collection of miniatures in costume, rates as one of the most valuable in the nation.

It takes her between one and two weeks to make a small doll, while larger ones in more elaborate dress take from two to three months. She makes all the dolls herself.

Many of the dolls are jewelled to exact scale and the heads are hand-painted with flesh tones that duplicate the human skin.

# Mother Needs A Vacation

By GARRY CLEVELAND MYERS, Ph.D.

SOME parents of one or several young children go off together for a vacation. They may choose a place not so far away from home so as not to waste time and energy in travelling. They take turns in caring for the children. In this way the mother as well as the father really gets a vacation.

But the average young mother rarely or never gets an honest-to-goodness vacation. The parents may say they are on vacation, but only the father usually is. True, the mother goes along with him but she may not get away from the little children at all, and on vacation they may be more trying on her nerves than when with her at home. This is especially true when the family spend their vacation with relatives, after which the mother may return home all worn out, and the relatives may also feel worn out when she leaves.

### Harder to Manage

Mothers with young children on vacation among relatives or in other places somewhat crowded find that the young child, especially the infant, is harder to manage. His routine may be upset, his eating and sleeping habits impaired. His health may not be so good. Thus he may be more irritable and less co-operative. Besides, there are new hazards to the child causing the mother anxiety and excessive vigilance.

### A Few Hours

Also, some thoughtful young fathers, during their day and hours off from work, choose to keep the young children at home while the mother goes away for a few hours or days of relaxation.

The young mother does need to get away from the children. It's fortunate when the young parents can so manage their finances as to employ a competent person to care for the young children at home while the father and mother go off together for an evening or longer for recreation together.

**Your Sewing Scrapbook**  
by Mary Brooks Picken

## All-Purpose Circular Cape

MAKE it of 54" plaid wool, E and around to F to make neckline.

Slash fold F to D for centre fronts. Lay a 2" inverted pleat in centre back—G to B. Finish front edges with 3/4" slip-stitched hems. Make narrow hem on entire circular edge of cape.



Use four corner pieces to make collar. Place right sides of two pieces together and make seams 2" long, as at H and I. Trim off short ends beyond 3/4" seam allowance. Press seams open.

Place right sides together, seams over each other, as at J, and pin. Measure 1/3 neckline from each side J on curve and mark K and L. Slash from L to point, around square corners to opposite point, and up to K. Use a 3/4" seam.

Press seam open. Turn collar right side out and press. Place centre back seam of collar over centre back pleat at neckline. Baste and stitch underedge of collar to neckline. Make 1/4" hems on front neckline. Turn under top edge of collar and whip over seam edges.

Measure from A 1/4" neck measurement plus 1" (E). Hold string at A and pencil at B. Draw a line B to C and C to D. Cut on this line through both thicknesses of fabric.

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Measure from A 1/4" neck measurement plus 1" (E). Hold string at A and pencil at B. Draw a line B to C and C to D. Cut on this line through both thicknesses of fabric.



## GI's Meet British Brass



GI's shake hands with Brigadier B. A. Coad, Commander of the British 27th Brigade, during his visit to a forward command post near the front lines in South Korea. Left to right are: Pfc. Jesse J. Hall, Knoxville, Tenn., and Pfc. Wilfred Jalbert of Detroit, Mich. (Acme).

## London Diary:

## CLARE BOOTHE LUCE HAS TWO HOURS IN LONDON

Playwright Clare Boothe Luce, tall, slim, fair-haired wife of magazine magnate Henry Luce, had two hours in England the other day, on her way to Munich to see her play, "The Women." She tried in the time to give her secretary, Mrs. Dorothy Farmer, a quick glimpse of London.

From the airport they headed towards the West End, but she slowed them down and all they saw was a centuries-old inn.

At the inn the driver "stumped" his hand in the door. Mrs. Luce administered first aid, then moved back to the airport. There she learned that her Clipper was delayed an hour.

Mrs. Luce is working on a

new play, "Love is a Verb." It has a central character, an Englishman. She admits a particular fondness for the British.

But he is a darling. "I am not telling you it is a darling," she said. "I am not telling you it is a darling."

## FESTIVAL VISITORS

Critics of the Festival of Britain, which will cost the taxpayer about £10,000,000, are told that it will bring in a

great flood of foreign visitors to spend their money in Britain.

How many visitors are expected and how much will they spend?

The Travel and Holidays Association now says we had 555,000 foreign visitors in 1949; they spent £64,000,000. In the Festival year, say the Association, we can expect more than 600,000 visitors, who will spend £70,000,000.

So it comes: a Festival costing £10,000,000 will bring a return of £6,000,000.

Not much dollar-earning here.

## MR DOUGLAS

Resignation of Mr. Lewis Douglas will be felt as a loss by the British people. During three and a half years of office he has established a reputation for charm of manner and honesty of purpose.

Doctors who have attended Mr. Douglas in England after the fishing accident to his eye in 1949 regard the eye as "safe" although its sight is seriously impaired.

But as long as Mr. Douglas continues to be overworked, the eye is liable to become inflamed. He wears a black patch over it to protect it from wind or smoke.

Douglas is 56. As Ambassador in Britain, his salary and expenses totalled about £13,000.

## BY PERMISSION

One item in the printed order of service granted on some of those present at the memorial service to General Smuts at the Abbey.

The service ended with the Last Post and Reveille played by trumpeters of the Royal Military School of Music.

The printed order said they were under the direction of Major Meredith Roberts and played by permission of the Commandant.

Surely for this occasion that last title phrase could have been omitted.

## BLUE DIAMOND

A blue diamond mounted as a brooch, sent for sale to Christie's by Mrs. Herriot Maitland, carried with it a certificate saying the colour was natural and not induced by radium treatment.

It was sold for £10,000.

Said the purchaser, a Hatton Garden Jeweller: "It will probably be sold in New York."

## GREATER CRISIS THAN RUSSIAN AGGRESSION

Los Altos, California.

Walter B. Pitkin, who wrote "Life Begins at Forty" in 1932 and is still going strong at 73, thinks the greatest crisis faced by the U.S. is the exhaustion of farm land rather than possible Russian aggression.

So Pitkin hopes to ease the problem by shopping around for 5,000,000 acres of good crop land not now in use. He recently scattered 50 letters from his home here to editors in every section of the nation asking for reference to the owners of such land. He wants the tracts for the "extras of 1950."

The "extras" are the 2,000,000 babies Pitkin says are going to be born this year. Before long, he contends, they are going to be eating everything a good farmer can raise on our best farm soil.

"The first week brought a tidal wave of replies," Pitkin said sadly. "I've only had positive answers from seven regions."

One potential sale came from an estate in Virginia. But the owners wanted \$300 an acre for the property, Pitkin said.

## RAG WEED

"The land wasn't worth two dollars an acre," Pitkin said scornfully. "It was burned out tobacco land, and you couldn't raise a decent crop of rag weed on it."

The idea of large farm land purchases isn't a new one with Pitkin, who said he is one of a few survivors of a group of investors who, in 1931, pooled \$50,000,000 to buy first grade farm acreage.

But even with all that cold cash, the group could only get rid of about \$400,000, he said.

"In the last six years," Pitkin said, "we have not found a single tract of the land we want. The good land is gone and people are paying fantastic prices for second and third rate soil."

Pitkin said many of the replies in the past several years offered "sub-divisions in swanky suburbs."

"I fear that around 1960 many of these new citizens will have passed away from acute malnutrition," Pitkin said.

Pitkin feels that 200,000,000 acres of prime soil is needed but that the nation falls short of that much today by more than 91,000,000 acres.

## NOBODY EATS

"More and more of our soil is being used up by the factories," he said. "We use around 30,000,000 acres every year to grow cotton which nobody eats. Many more millions are used for soy beans to make plastics, flax, for fibres and glue for the distilleries."

Also taking from the vast acreage of rich soil are townships, cemeteries, golf courses, rifle ranges, city parks and suburban sub-divisions.

Pitkin said the situation is rapidly reaching the crisis stage. And that within fifteen years many of the "extras" will be going hungry. Theoretically, Pitkin's plan—if he got the 5,000,000 acres—would be to divide it into tracts of 100,000 acres each. That would be enough land to make a population of 30,000 self supporting if it didn't use it up with golf courses and the like, he said.

## THING OF PAST

"Old fashioned farm life is a thing of the past," he said. "Who wants to live on a lonely little farm away up a gulch? Nobody. Tomorrow's farm developers will mass acreage around good small towns or villages. Live in the city and work in the country. That's the right idea."

But Pitkin isn't too optimistic that his group is going to get any land. In fact he thinks it is pretty hopeless.

But if he cannot run one of his 100,000 acre tracts, he has something else up his sleeve.

It is a new book he is writing on the 100-year war that Pitkin believes the world is fighting. He is going to call it "How to Run a Hundred Year War."

## Endowment Is Unique

Birmingham - Southern College of Alabama will get a unique endowment in 2050.

Along with other documents, a letter making the endowment was sealed inside the cornerstone of Birmingham's new skyscraper city hall. The letter states that Earskine Ramsay in 1950 deposited \$1,000 with Dr. George R. Stuart, president of Birmingham-Southern College.

When the cornerstone vault is opened 100 years hence, the letter authorizing the money to be spent will become effective. By that time the \$1,000 which is to be invested will have grown to \$339,000, it is estimated.

## Proposed War Memorial



PRESIDENT Truman points to a suggested memorial to the dead of World War II as he tours the White House grounds in Washington, with a group of visitors. The memorial has been in the Rose Garden for several weeks, and here the President points it out to, left to right, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt; Mary Ann Long, and Charlotte Ingraham. (Acme).

## Horse Lovers' Service



REV. Arthur Bird, vicar of Burgh Heath in Surrey, is conducting an open air "horseman's Sunday Service" at Tattenham Corner, opposite the race course at Epsom. Note the saddle in front of the microphone. (Acme).

## First Lesson In Safety Rules



A few of the 200 youngsters who received a safety demonstration at a school in Rockville Centre, N.Y., listen attentively as Police Lieutenant Louis Ferrar explains some safety ABC's. This lesson, which was televised, was followed by regular classes in which children learned more about the reasons for safety precautions. (Acme).

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THEY'RE TROUBLE AHEAD! VIRGINIA MAYO

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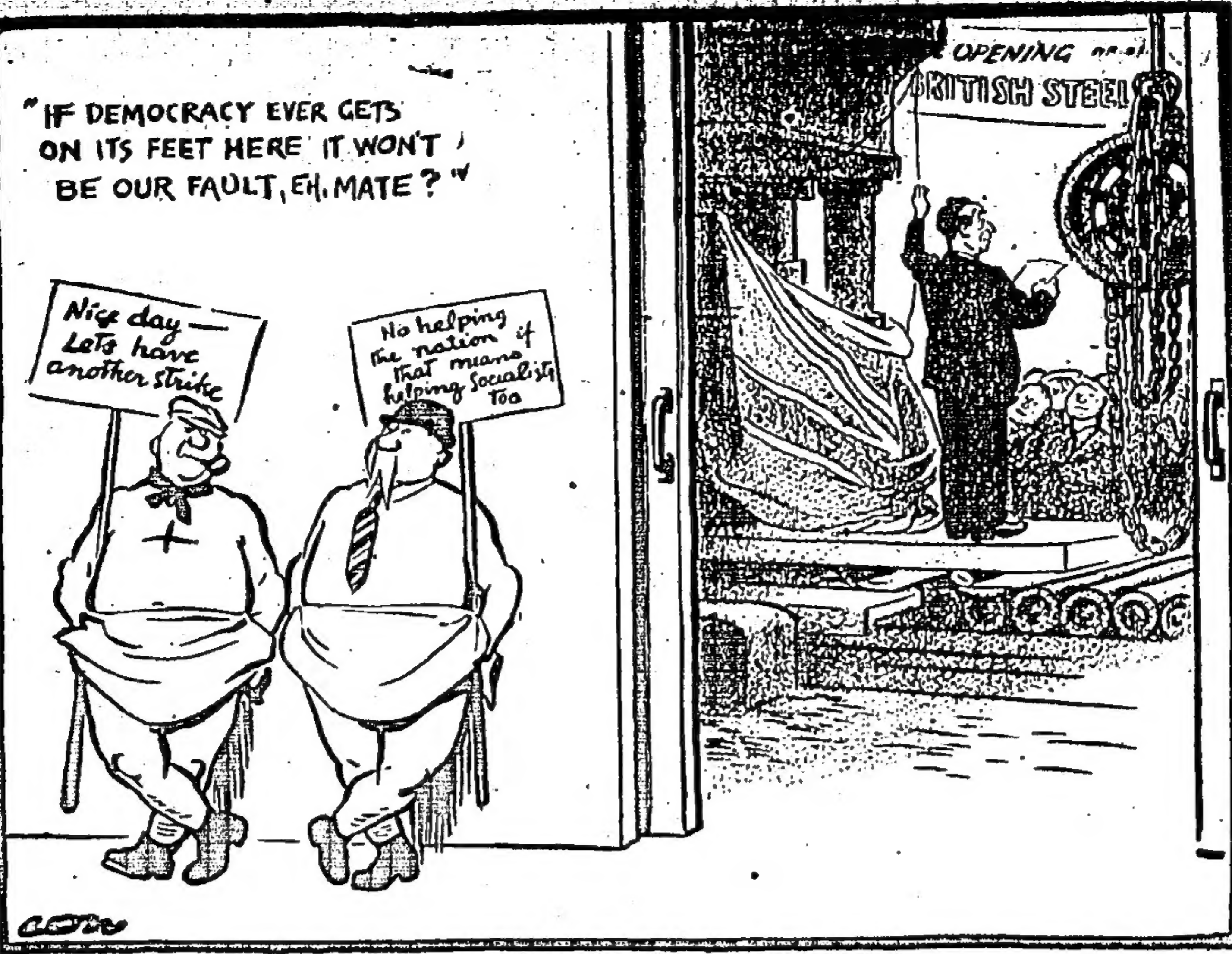
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BLIMP BROTHERS' PATRIOTISM

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## Sits. Vac.—in 24 columns

THERE is a fine and frivolous story now in circulation in Australia.

It tells of the rough, tough Australian bushman holidaying in London, visiting the Motor Show. For a full day he stops beside the Show's most luxurious exhibit, a low, lush super-charged, saloon. He listens silently as the salesman shouts its praises.

"Press this button, ladies and gentlemen," says the salesman, "and the entire car is automatically re-painted in any of six colours. Press this and the cocktail cabinet swings open and newly-shaken Martinis are instantly at hand. This button, and the tiger-skin upholstery is at once vacuum-cleaned."

The Australian remains impassive. The salesman finally introduces another gadget.

"And this button, ladies and gentlemen, automatically lifts a glass partition between the rear and front-seat passengers."

The bushman steps forward.

"I'll take her," he says.

The salesman looks dubious.

"It's—er—25,000 guineas, sir," he says.

The Australian dives into his pocket, produces a gigantic wallet, pays cash on the spot. The salesman is astonished.

"May I ask, sir, what made you suddenly decide to buy?"

"Well," says the Australian, "it's that gadget there, the partition between front and back. At last my sheep-dogs won't be able to lick the back of my neck when I'm driving round the paddocks."

Australia's thickest cliché is that she "lives off her sheep's backs. Today she is living high."

Like many another story this one has some truth in it. The truth is the opulence of the Australian farmer—the fact that Australia is today sunning herself in the glow of a woolboom unprecedented in the nation's history.

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## AUSTRALIA, ENJOYING HER GREATEST BOOM, WANTS 100,000 BRITONS A YEAR TO FILL THE JOBS

Quietly, almost unnoticed, little publicised, the people of Great Britain are tearing up their roots. They are selling up, packing up, heading for the Dominions Australia House estimates for last year:

To NEW ZEALAND: 16,000 To CANADA: 55,000

To SOUTH AFRICA: 39,000 To AUSTRALIA: 68,800

The story of this population shift has been watched in Australia by PETER DUFFIELD who has returned to Britain after a six months' tour in which he has visited every State in the Commonwealth. This is his report.

Put it another way 10 years ago the record price paid for a pound of wool was 33½ pence. This year 210 pence was paid for a single pound of fleeces.

Wages have reached a new high. An unskilled farmhand in West Australia gets £5 15s. 2d. plus keep (England: £5 a week without).

Income-tax is between one-half and two-thirds that of England. A married man with one child pays tax of £20 10s. yearly on £500 (in England £33 15s.); same man £130 11s. on £1,000 (in England £195 15s.).

Australia runs between two and three times as many cars per head as Britain.

1s. 2d. a nip

YOU like to smoke? You can buy cigarettes in abundance 2s. 10d. for 20 of any known English brand, 1s. 10d. if you like Australian. (England: 3s. 4d. for 20).

Whisky? I have seen bottles of proprietary Scotch sliding from barman to customer over the smooth polished wood counter of an hotel bar. You pour it yourself a white line on the glass supposedly giving you the measure. "Help yourself, mate"—at 1s. 2d. the nip (England from 2s. for a single).

I have before me now an ordinary edition of a Melbourne newspaper. It has the tabloid format, but it has 40 pages, not 12. It contains 24 tight-packed columns marked

Situations Vacant. Let us look what jobs are going.

Are you a meter reader collector? Starting salary at age 21 years £437 p. a. At age 23 £489. (Maximum salary for an automatic meter collector in London: £375.)

Secretaria? Here's one at random. "Senior, female, short-

hand not necessary. Salary £6 15s. per week to start. Permanent position. No Saturday work. 35 hours per week, 9 a.m. to 4.45 p.m." (England: £5 5s. for a 40-hour week).

Is it any wonder that Australian Labour leader Ben Chifley said to me: "This is apparently the country where Santa Claus has decided to settle down."

How will you, personally, get on in Australia? Well, here are the basic facts:

"Double or quit"

AUSTRALIA today hitches herself to two slogans: "Populate or perish" and "Double or quit." Both meaning roughly the same thing, and both intimately concerning you.

There is a Red Roof hanging and encroaching over Australia at this moment. There are hordes of discontented and underfed and under-privileged Asiatics to the north. When Australia says "populate or perish" she is thinking of these hordes.

For her main immigration programme, the United Kingdom is looked on as the real source. Her current target is 100,000 of you yearly. You can go either free, by assisted passage, or at your own expense.

—And 7 brides

AS to how you yourself would like it out there: well, here is the answer. Of one small group of migrants who have passed through the camp of Yungaba in Queensland.

Of 8,000 British men, women and children who had used the camp up to the beginning of this year, some 4,000 had gone to city addresses, 4,000 to the country.

Of the 8,000, 25 percent had so owned that they owned done so well that they in turn had been able to nominate other folk from the British Isles to come out in their care.

The migration officer himself, Dave Landon, had officiated as giver-away in the marriages of seven British girls.

Altogether 100 of the 8,000 included family units, had gone home, a higher proportion than the overall percentage of migrants.

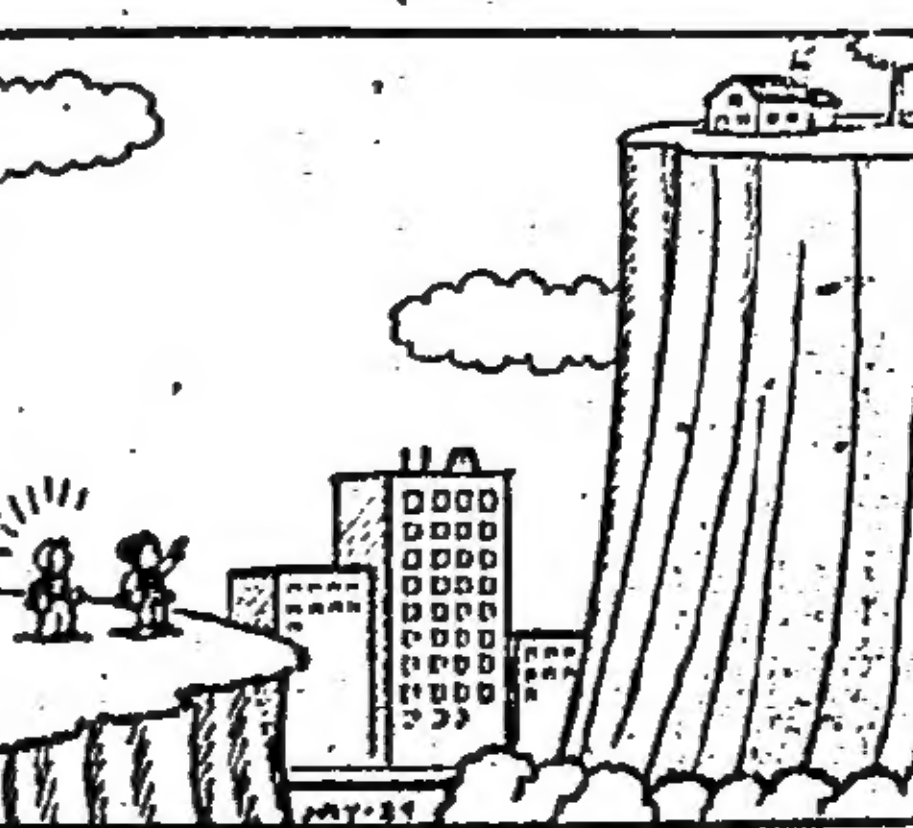
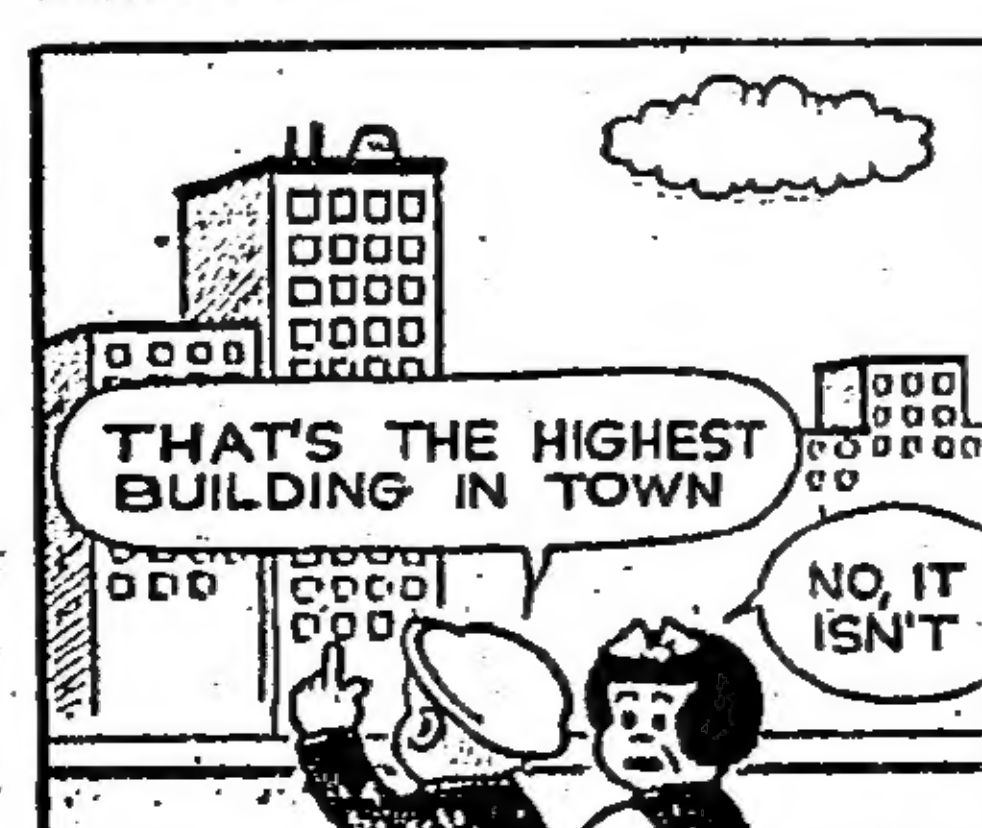
The fact is that 98-99 percent of Englishmen settle down.

(World Copyright Reserved—(London Express Service)

By Ernie Bushmiller

## NANCY

On the Level



## Ringing Up The Moon

By GEOFFREY MURRAY

NEXT year the moon will be on the telephone. Visitors to the South Bank Exhibition in London—the main centre of Britain 1951—will be able to send a message there and back across 477,720 miles of space in just two and a half seconds. And it will be as simple as making a local call in a telephone booth.

Contact with the moon will be made the Dome of Discovery. The caller will press a button and send a radio pulse of high frequency flashing into space. It will have a wavelength of one and a half metres, and it will be passed from a giant saucer made of a network of aluminium which is to be built on the top of a tower, in the grounds of the Exhibition on the south bank of the Thames.

The visitor who sends the signal will watch its progress in a large cathode ray tube, like those used in television.

In the Dome of Discovery, when the signal comes bouncing back from the moon, the image in the tube will give a little "kick". A supplementary tube will enable this echo to be magnified. Those who ring up the moon will not have to fumble for coins. It will be a free call.

Nine million pounds sterling is being spent on this venture. Of this sum £2,000,000 is earmarked for the new conservatory, half the one building which it is intended shall be a permanent structure. The Exhibition sets out to tell the story of Britain—of her farming and the countryside, of the sea and her ships, of power and production, science and transport, radar and gardening.

Strange Objects

Soon there will begin to arise amid the cluster of buildings on the site some of those strange new objects I mentioned earlier. For instance, hung on frames will be spheres like flycatchers caught in a net. And pointing skywards, like a colossal rocket about to be fired, will be the metal pencil called the Vertical Feature. The purpose of these things is to break up the horizontal planes of the other structures and so diversify their distant view. Some visitors may think, at first, that they are being transported to the moon as well as invited to ring it up.

But in these modernistic buildings the visitor will see the achievements of British science, technology, farming and industry.

Night and day

The radio telescope now being built for the Exhibition will be usable at any time.

Astronomers will not have to wait until it is dark before they train this telescope on the heavenly bodies they wish to study. Even when that body is invisible, the radio telescope will still receive these echoes reflected from outer space, and by studying them astronomers believe they will be able to learn new facts about the composition of stars and planets and meteors.

I gave up a morning recently to walking over the Exhibition site. Thrilling new patterns formed by ribbons of steel are now criss-crossed against the sky. These buildings, nearly 40 of them, by the time they are completed next May will burst upon our eyes as strangely, I believe, as a lunar landscape.

The Dome of Discovery is one of these structures. Its framework is almost in place. A ring of girders, 355 feet in diameter, now hangs in the air 10 feet above one's head. This ring rests on temporary towers of metal scaffolding, but already lattices of steel ribs, surprisingly slender, are trying it to the concrete fins that are eventually to take the weight. Soon the work of roofing with aluminium will begin. In this building the story will be told of those Britons who have mapped the globe, studied the sky and investigated the structure of the universe.

Spinning webs

Few acrobats can put on an act half so thrilling as the spider-men clambering in and out of the steel webs they are spinning scores of feet above the 27-acre site. A chalk mark scrawled on a steel plank is all the direction they need. And living on the ground is something that looks like part of a prefabricated staircase. Presently someone will come along and move it into place.

A coal mine is being built on this site. A miniature of the Exhibition's predecessor, the 1851 venture, is being erected. An aquarium is being installed, and a new concert hall for London, to hold audiences of 3,450, is nearing its final shape.

Fronting the site is the new River Wall, which will be laid out next spring as a garden walk. Past this the lively pageantry of London's river parades endlessly.

The 1951 Festival is not planned to be a trade fair. It is neither an abridgement nor an extension of the British Industries Fair, a motor show with trimmings, nor a fun fair version of the British Museum. It will tell the story of every Briton—the work they do, the way they think, and even the games they play.

## THE BLUE SUN

LONDON, Sept. 28.

THE blue sun travels on

T and on. On Tuesday it shone on Britain; yesterday it was the turn of Scandinavia, Germany, and Switzerland.

Copenhagen had its first blue sun for 87 years.

Reports from high-flying air-men have satisfied British weather men that the dust which turns the moon and the sun blue came from great tracts of pine forests, blazing in Northern Alberta and British Columbia.

Snowfall checked flames yesterday, but 60 fires were still raging. A five-mile section of the Alaska Highway was cut off.

The hot, resinous smoke pall rolled rapidly eastwards across the Great Lakes and the eastern United States.

OVER PENNSYLVANIA one pilot thought that his plane was burning. Others could not get out of the smoke, however high they soared.

IN BUFFALO street lights, automatically controlled by lack of light, were turned on at midnight; motorists had to use their headlights.

IN NEW YORK baseball was played under arc-lights.

IN PHILADELPHIA the sun was purple. Chickens went off to sleep in the afternoon, and a

map of the world showing the route of the blue sun.

CANADA AND POINTS EAST The route of the blue sun.

rooster crowed for a 4 p.m. "dawn" when there was a slight lift in the overcast.

OVER THE ATLANTIC the minute particles were too finely dispersed to be seen from the ground. But they scattered the light entering from space so that only the blue waves of the spectrum could get through.

OVER LONDON and CAMBRIDGE airmen reported that the brown haze had a smell of burning wood or paper.

IN SWEDEN and in BASLE, Switzerland, yesterday, so many

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 7)



# United Nations Divide On Sharpest Line Of The Cold War

Lake Success, Oct. 5.

Seven United Nations members became singled out as the "middle of the road" countries when the world organisation divided on the sharpest and most significant line up to date of the cold war.

## India's Change Of Mood Hoped For

Lake Success, Oct. 5. Diplomats here today were hoping that India would still change her mind and join the United Nations Commission on Korea, which will lay down a blueprint for Korea's future.

The Political Committee, after its decision on Korea, rose until Monday when it will consider Mr. Dean Acheson's plan for strengthening the Assembly's power to deal with aggression.—Reuter.

## BEVIN BACKS PEKING

(Continued from Page 1)

not police. They could expand to 1,000,000 in a night. The tremendous military power of Russia was a standing menace to the whole of Europe. She had more troops, more tanks, more guns than the whole of the rest of Europe put together," he declared.

"Why are they keeping them and why are they going round with peace meetings while they are adding to this tremendous armament every week? It is a fraud. It is an attempt to wear your opinion down before they destroy you. Don't be fooled."

Mr. Bevin made a special reference to France, who had not, he said, had a chance to pull herself together and to restore the proud position she once occupied.

"She is coming along, making a great effort with American aid to rebuild her fortunes," he declared.

Mr. Bevin paid a tribute to the way in which Holland had acted in Indonesia.

Returning to the German question he said, "We have been trying to rebuild Germany." He added that the trade unions in Germany had been one of the best assets in this task.

**GOOD LEADERSHIP**  
"They have risen to the occasion as industry has been increased. Their leadership has been very good and very wise and they are contributing to the stability of the political parties."

Mr. Bevin said that they were not permitted to have East Germany with them, because it was a totalitarian state under Russian control. But they would persist.

"A great risk has to be run, a decision that will lead to a resurgence of German militarism," Mr. Bevin said. But, on the whole, the three Western occupying powers had managed and agreed to move

These countries, "abstaining" on the completely divergent East-West Korean peace proposals, were India, the Lebanon, Egypt, Syria, Yugoslavia, Afghanistan, and the Yemen, with Saudi Arabia joining them later on the main Russian proposal.

Indonesia, newest member of the United Nations, discreetly announced non-participation in what should have been its first major vote, pleading non-receipt of instructions.

Reports of "grave possibilities" of troops under General Douglas MacArthur crossed the 38th Parallel were prevalent as the Political Committee settled down to arrive at a final decision.

With 13 Foreign Ministers and the heads of all delegations in attendance, the Committee was indistinguishable in personnel and prestige from the General Assembly itself.

The Indian delegation made literally an eleventh hour decision to ask for a sub-committee on all peace proposals. It received a surprisingly large measure of support considering that the resolution was drafted and handed in after the Committee met and there was little time for canvassing votes. Nevertheless, the move failed by a margin of only eight votes.

Of the 24 countries voting for the Indian resolution, 23 were the following: Afghanistan, Argentina, Burma, Byelorussia, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, India, Iraq, Israel, the Lebanon, Mexico, Norway, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Sweden, Syria, the Ukraine, the U.S.S.R., the Yemen and Yugoslavia.

The 24th was not clear in the quick hand voting. Pakistan, one of the sponsors of the eight-power resolution, abstained on the Indian proposal.

**TOO LATE**  
It was the opinion of many delegations that had the Indian proposal been submitted two days earlier, allowing for some time to play with it, it would probably have met a different fate.

The Indian proposal drew from the American delegate, Mr. Warren Austin, a fervour of opposition matching that of the American Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, in the plenary session of the General Assembly on September 19 when, speaking on the Indian proposal to set a Communist China, he had shouted, "Vote it down and vote it down!"

Mr. Austin paid a tribute to Sir Benegal personally, and along together.

"At one time even our good friends the German Social Democrats were rather difficult but now I think they are going to play a very big part," he added.

"The policy we have been following and which we will continue to follow is to make the United Nations a living reality,"—Reuter.

## Child Welfare Conference In London



The Duchess of Kent being greeted by Madame H. Gordon Morier, of Geneva, the Chairman of the International Union for Child Welfare (executive committee) when the Duchess attended a conference at St. Pancras Town Hall. (London Express Service).

## GAITSKELL DECLINES TO DISCUSS SCHEME FOR S.E. ASIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Oct. 5.

Mr. Hugh Gaitskell, Minister for Economic Affairs and Acting Chancellor of the Exchequer, at his press conference today refused to discuss the contents of the Commonwealth Consultative Committee's draft report on economic aid to South and South-East Asia, which has now gone for approval to the Governments of the countries participating in the Colombo Plan.

## U.S. LOSSES IN KOREA

Washington, Oct. 5. American casualties in Korea totaled 20,750, including 2,954 known dead, up to September 29, the Defence Department announced today.

This included 4,143 men reported as missing in action, and 13,953 wounded, 291 of whom later died, and 73 were known to be prisoners of war, leaving 3,877 men still missing.—Reuter.

## Bleak Picture Of War's Aftermath In Central Seoul

(From FRANK GOLDSWORTHY, "Daily Express")

Seoul, Oct. 5.

Bullock carts lined up amid the ruins of central Seoul today for the first United Nations distribution of relief rice.

With American troops halted at their present objectives pending the United Nations political decisions, relief officials saw the first fruits of pre-lauding planning.

In this dusty, waterless and powerless Korean capital of 1,400,000 people, eighty percent of the public buildings and one-third of the people's homes were destroyed or heavily damaged by bombardment, bombing or retreating arson.

In the whole of South Korea, it is estimated that 1,800,000 people lost their homes and their possessions. Now thousands are grubbing among the ashes or the wreckage to scrape together material for pitiful little shacks into which they creep when night brings near-freezing temperatures.

The Communists had already seized the rice stores for their armies and the townspeople have been under-nourished for weeks. In South Korea is a rice-exporting area and thanks to the new ECA fertilizer, the biggest crop in the country's history is ready for harvesting.

The peasants themselves can use it immediately, but it will not be dried and polished for selling in the city till the middle of December.

United States officials began today, therefore, the distribution of 375 tons, sufficient to give each person in the urban area 1800 calories. This rice is the gift of the Philippines and Siam.

**SUB-ZERO TEMPERATURE**  
Officials are confident that there will be no starvation. They are much more worried about the need for shelter and clothing against the sub-zero temperatures of mid-winter.

Blackies, emergency shelter materials, fuel, food, clothing, 12,000 tents big enough for fifty people and rubber for shoes are already on the way to Korea, but it is the official view that "much larger quantities" will be needed if the bare minimum requirements are to be met.

The alternative will be deaths from starvation and exposure. Inside the southern perimeter area one million people have been vaccinated. In five days in central Seoul, 150,000 people have been inoculated against cholera, smallpox, typhoid and typhus—all immediate

## Gas Strike Ending

(Continued from Page 1)

charges brought by the Government.

The 10 men—described as leaders of the stoppage—eight of them members of the unofficial strike committee—were each released on £25 bail after being sentenced.

They were charged with breaking a regulation which stipulates that strikes must be referred to union-management arbitration before work is stopped.

All 10 pleaded guilty and gave notice of appeal. Though only 10 had been singled out, the Government's Prosecuting Council warned that every one of the 1,400 strikers were liable to penalties.

London's Chief Magistrate, Sir Lawrence Dunne, passing sentence, said that there was nothing political about the case. The damage done by the strike was incalculable and over two million people had suffered serious hardship. Deaths had occurred and great damage had been done to the country's industrial life.—Reuter.

## SOEKARNO BLAMES DUTCH FOR INDONESIA CLASH

Djakarta, Oct. 5.

The Indonesian President, Dr. I. R. Soekarno, tonight blamed Holland for what he called "the Bandoeng, Macassar and Ambon affairs"—the insurgent moves against Indonesian rule.

President Soekarno, who was broadcasting on the fifth anniversary of the Army, said that the main difficulties faced by Indonesia since the transfer of sovereignty to them by the Dutch had been caused by troops under the responsibility of the Netherlands.

"I know the Netherlands Government never denies that it is its duty to ensure discipline in its Army, but look at the Bandoeng, Macassar and Ambon affairs. Did the Dutch side show sincerity in discharging this duty?" Dr. Soekarno asked.

President Soekarno accused Holland of "hanging on to New Guinea" solely because of Dutch sentiment, which wanted to preserve Holland's position as a "Big Power" with colonies in the East as well as in the West. "Even though the Dutch people have made progress in their views on colonial issues," Dr. Soekarno added, "they have not progressed far enough to arrive at the consciousness that friendship with Indonesia is possible only if colonialism is entirely done away with entirely destroyed, root and branch."

Earlier today the United Nations Commission in Indonesia announced that it was considering what it could do to bring these hostilities to an end.

**RESENT INTERFERENCE**  
Acting in a request from the Dutch Government, the Commission would immediately ask the Indonesian authorities for details of the military situation in the South Moluccas, a spokesman said.

But Indonesian official circles here are inclined to resent intervention by the Commission in what they consider a purely domestic matter—the restoration of law and order.

An appeal to Australia to intervene in the Ambon conflict was broadcast over Ambon Radio today. The Radio also appealed to the United Nations to punish "the Indonesian aggression on Ambon."

Usually well informed sources in Djakarta tonight claimed that the fighting in Ambon was "all over bar the shouting."

The Indonesian Army was understood to have thrown eight battalions of troops into the fighting, the sources added.—Reuter.

**Rebels Defeated**  
Saigon, Oct. 5. French military headquarters said today that a battalion of Algerian light infantry killed at least 250 Vietminh rebels in a swamp-land battle near Caugan, 120 kilometres south of Saigon.

The military spokesman said the battle began late Wednesday when heavy forces of Communists staged a surprise attack on the Algerians from four sides in the swampy rice-land country. French artillery and aircraft were hurriedly summoned and drove the Communists back by nightfall, the spokesman said.

Vietminh units were said to have lost 250 dead and "important supplies" of munitions were left behind. The spokesman said the French column which evacuated Caugan on Tuesday still had not joined up with the advancing rescue column, according to the latest reports.

General Jean Alessandri, French commander in North Indo-China, reported after a flight over the area that the rescue column was still entrenched on ridges near Dongkhe, fighting off Communist attacks.—United Press.

**DOCKERS STRIKE**  
Middlesbrough, Yorkshire, Oct. 5. Over 700 dockers struck work along the mouth of the River Tees, North-East England, today because of a dispute over two men who had been transferred from one job to another.

Unloading stopped on 27 ships and only one dock in Middlesbrough was unaffected.—Reuter.

**MEAT RATION CUT**  
London, Oct. 5. The weekly meat ration of Britons will be cut after October 15 by one penny worth to 1/6d, the Food Ministry announced tonight.

The ration was increased to 1/7d on September 17 when home-killed supplies were temporarily plentiful.—Reuter.

## "Huge Floods" Warning

Exeter, Devonshire, Oct. 5.

A Professor of Geography here, Mr. Arthur Davies, has warned the people of Britain today that huge floods "may soon take our minds off Korea."

He blamed Britain's cold, wet summer for the impending "calamity."

"In a normal summer, nearly all the rainfall is evaporated by the sun's rays," Emergency measures must be planned at once, he urged. People in low-lying areas should keep iron rations and other necessities upstairs. Farmers should consider how to get animals on high land and how to feed them there, he said.—Reuter.

## Germans May Hire Planes

Bonn, Oct. 5.

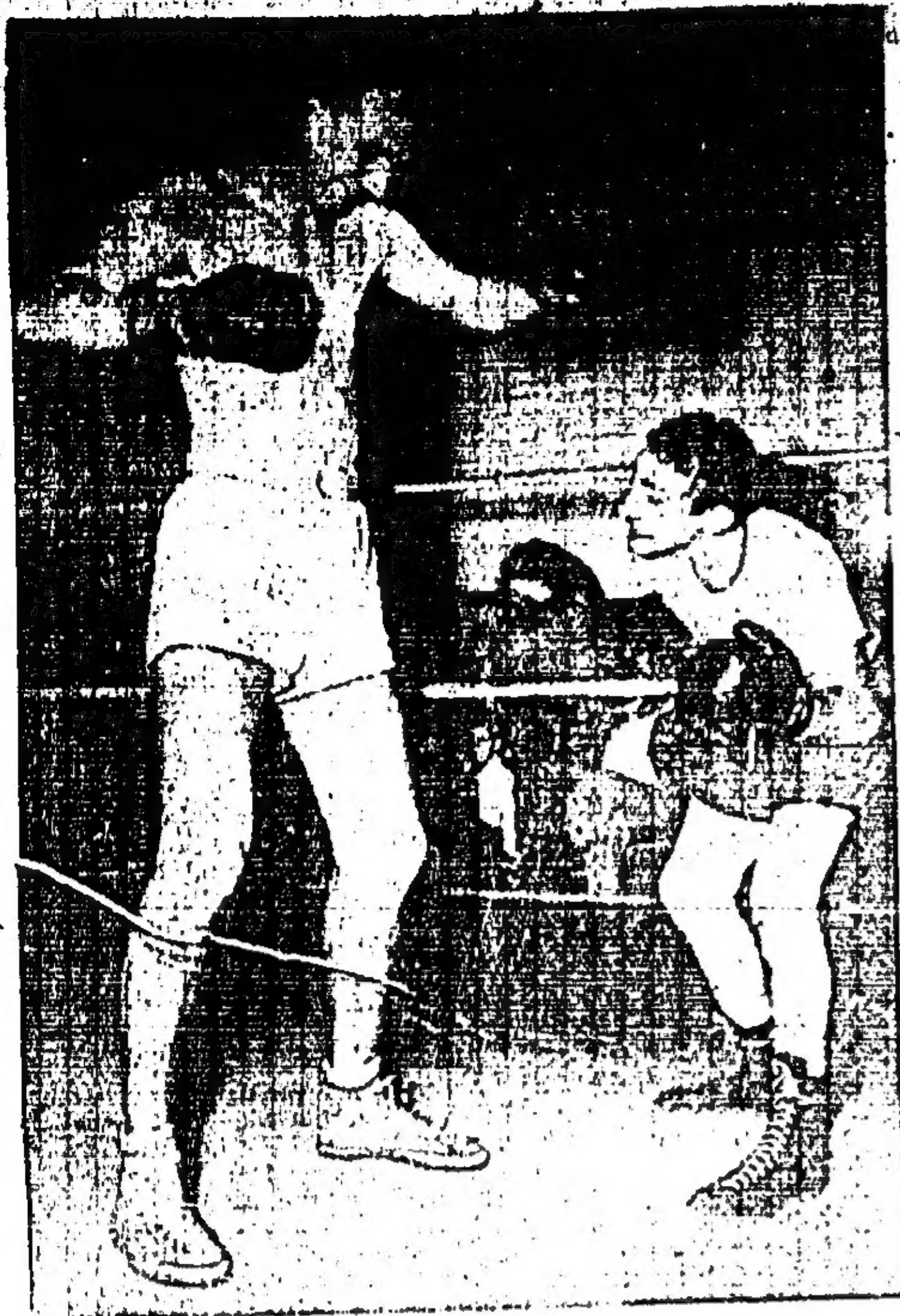
The Allies today announced that they would allow West Germans to charter civil aircraft. An Allied spokesman said that hitherto this had been forbidden for security reasons and because there was no Allied legislation allowing the Germans to do so.

If the Civil Aviation Board thought that there was a threat to security it would refer the application to the Allied Security Board, which guards against rearmament and re-militarisation in Germany.—Reuter.

**Radio Hongkong**  
H.K.T. "Hongkong Calling." Programme Summary: 6.30, China's Story; 7.00, "Silver Hand"; 7.15, Eileston Trevor; 7.30, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 7.45, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 7.55, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 8.00, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 8.10, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 8.20, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 8.30, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 8.40, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 8.50, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 9.00, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 9.10, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 9.20, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 9.30, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 9.40, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 9.50, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 10.00, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 10.10, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 10.20, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 10.30, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 10.40, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 10.50, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 11.00, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 11.10, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 11.20, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 11.30, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 11.40, "The Battle for the Gallies"; 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## MORE LIKE A BALMY BREEZE



Featherweight champ Willie Pep looks more like a balmy breeze when compared with seven-foot, one-inch Elmore Morganthaler of the Hurricanes pro basketball team.

## WILL RON WHITE BE THE SECOND BEST GOLF AMATEUR EVER?

By Archie Quick

So great a judge of golf as Mr. Bernard Darwin is of the opinion that Ronald J. White of the Royal Liverpool Club, Hoylake, is going to prove the second greatest amateur of all time. Bobby Jones, of course, holds No. 1 place.

I was speaking to Mr. Darwin at the Savoy Hotel, London, upon the occasion of the draw for the "Daily Telegraph" Amateur-Professional Foursomes Tournament to be held at Formby, Lancs, and he said that he considered White was gradually progressing to a stage when he could hold his own with anybody except the top professionals.

White, who has won this tournament twice in the last three years with different professional partners, has this time drawn Dick Burton, former Open champion, and there is no reason why he should not repeat his previous successes. Opposition, however, is very strong in this unique meeting. It is the only one of the season which brings nominated leading amateurs and professionals together.

### FORMIDABLE

There is for instance the pairing of Dai Rees, now at the top of his form and acknowledged leading professional, with Sam Tredennick, the Welsh amateur who has just got into the England team, while other formidable partnerships are C. D. Lawrie and Charlie Ward, S. McCready and Laurie Aulton, G. J. H. Tulley and Jimmy Adams, J. Bruen and Wally Smithers, and Ian Calder and Henry Cotton. There are 32 pairings but the winners should come from among those I have named.

Rees told me that although he was delighted to have won the Match-Play Championship for the second year in succession the strain was greater than he ever thought was possible. "First of all there was the extra stress of defending the title," he said "and on top of that I played badly all the week until the second half of the 36 holes Final. Then my touch came back just when I wanted it."

### SERIOUSLY

So seriously are the selected professionals taking the "Daily Telegraph" tournament that most of them are going to Formby a week in advance for practice. Rees, in fact, was scheduled to leave the morning after the draw and Dick Burton told me he was going the day after.

The only remaining tournament after this is the Masters piece. He has won two strokes at Hoylake and it would be a travesty of justice if anyone other than Rees took first events this season by eight shots and the Match-Play title by seven and six. If he is not "Master," I would like to know who is!

### WEEK-END HOCKEY

The following is the full programme for week-end hockey: **SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7**  
1st Division League  
4.30 p.m. Army v Royal Navy at Police Ground, Umpire: Sgt. Tribe and U.S. Dillon.

**SUNDAY, OCTOBER 8**  
1st Division League  
11 a.m. "Hercules" v "Police" at Hecro Ground, Umpire: J. H. Binko, W. J. G. Paddy.

11 a.m. Hongkong Hockey Club v "Hercules" at Hecro Ground, Umpire: A. K. P. Gurney and S. L. McWilliams.

9.30 a.m. "Thunderbolt" v "Police" at Royal Navy Ground, Umpire: G. H. Gurney and S. L. McWilliams.

9.30 a.m. "Rovers" v University at Royal Navy Ground, Umpire: H. Reed and S. Souza.

11 a.m. "Duch" v "Normans" at Southampton, Umpire: A. K. P. Gurney and S. L. McWilliams.

All umpires are requested to phone in the results to Mr. P. P. Xavier (Tel. No. 2600) on Tuesday morning.

**ARGONAUTS FOR MACAO**  
The Argonauts "A" and "B" hockey teams will leave for Macao on Sunday and play two matches there against Macao 1st and 2nd elevens on Monday.

**Police Cricket XI**  
The following will represent the Police Recreation Club cricket team in their Second Division League match against King George V School at Arnyl Street on Saturday, starting at 1.45 p.m.:  
A. G. Rose (Captain), D. Sailer, H. W. E. Heat, H. Tyler, M. Williamson, M. Illingworth, M. Hulbert, T. Wain, R. R. Jones, J. Ferrier, A. Anderson, Umpire: Mr. Watson, Scorer: W. W. Farmer.

# AUSTRALIANS ROUNDING OUT THEIR GREATEST YEAR IN SPORT

Sydney October 5.

Capped with the winning of the Davis Cup, Australians hung up their greatest record in international sports in the past year. Considering their population of 8,000,000, the sports-loving Aussies are proud of the following record:

1. Their Davis Cup victory over the United States.
  2. Swimmer John Marshall's 10 world records.
  3. Marjorie Jackson's women's 100 yards record of 10.7 seconds.
  4. Boxer Dave Sands' rise to leading challenger for Jake Lamotta's world title.
  5. Wimbledon's all Australian tennis doubles final when John Bromwich and Adrian Quist beat Bill Sidwell and Geoff Brown.
- They are equally proud of their showing in British Empire competitive sport events, where they:

1. Won the cricket Tests against South Africa.
2. "Took over" most of the events of the British Empire Games, in New Zealand in February, 1950.
3. Defeated England's Rugby League for the first time in 30 years—on mud-soaked Australian fields.
4. Tied with South Africa in the soccer Tests.
5. Walked away with high golf honours when Australian golfer Ossie Pickworth won the Irish Open.
6. Captured world cycling titles through a dual-purposes Sid Patterson and Jack Hobbs.

### DEPRESSION PRODUCTS

Australian's youngest—and best—champions, including Frank Sedgman, John Marshall and Marjorie Jackson, are products of the depression years. Experts said there's nothing in the theory that the hard times of the early 30's had anything to do with their development. "Sport has become Australia's biggest and best medium of world publicity," said Amateur Athletic Union of Australia secretary A. J. Hodson. "I doubt if there is a worthwhile newspaper or radio anywhere in the world that had not had to pay attention to Australia during the past 12 months," he added.

Mr. Hodson said the most published Australian sports victory in Europe was Hobbs' world 110 miles road title won in Brussels, Belgium, in August.

"World cycling titles are really big affairs in Europe," he said. "People just rave about them and pay more attention to them than Davis Cup tennis or football."—United Press.

## Record Falls In Maccabiah

Tel-Aviv, Oct. 5.

Oswaldo Swellberg, of Argentina, today broke the World Maccabiah record in winning the 1,500-metres free-style swimming event in 21 mins. 14.6 secs. at the Maccabiah (Jewish Sports Festival).

Israel won the soccer championship when they defeated South Africa by two goals to one to register their fourth win in the tournament.

South Africa won the water polo championship, defeating Israel by eight goals to four in the decisive match.

Israel led the competing nations in the swimming events, Britain's 73, Austria's 44, South Africa's 34 and the United States' 26.

Martin Van Gelder, of Holland, won the 50-kilometre cycle race in 1 hr. 20 mins. 35 secs.—Reuter.

### Gutierrez Shield Games Tomorrow

The programme of matches in the first round of the Gutierrez International Shield to be played on Sunday next is given below. All three games commence at 3.30 p.m.  
Malaya v Canada at KCC.  
Philippines v China at Hecro.  
Pakistan v India at Teluk.  
England has already entered the semi-final round, both matches of which will be played on Saturday, October 14.

## NEW YORK YANKEES WIN SECOND GAME OF WORLD SERIES

Philadelphia, Oct. 5.

New York Yankees won the second game of the World Series 2-1 today when Joe DiMaggio, the Yankee Clipper, hit a home run in the 10th inning. It was the second Series game in a row for the Yanks. Big Alie Reynolds was the winning pitcher and Robin Roberts the loser.

The New Yorkers got their first run in the second inning when Brown lined to Ashburn, Bauer fouled to Jones, Coleman walked and Reynolds singled, sending Coleman to third. He scored a moment later when Gene Woodling hit out a grounder to Hammer at shortstop.

In the Phillies half of the inning, Jones fanned, Hammer tripped to deep centre, Semick drove a foul pitch into the upper left field stands and then grounded out. Goliat lined out to DiMaggio.

In the Yankees' third inning, Berra fanned, DiMaggio popped out, Mize singled to right field, Brown flied to centre, Roberts fanned, Waitkus hit a double down the right field foul line and Ashburn fouled, Waitkus holding second, Coleman threw out Siler to end the inning.

### ONLY RUN

Phillies scored their only run of the game in the fifth when Mike Goliat singled, went to second on a bunt and to third when Waitkus singled a grounder which bounced over Coleman's head. Richie Ashburn, the next man up, died to Woodling and Goliat romped home after the catch, tying the score at 1-1.

Bobby Brown, opening the Yankees' sixth, singled to left field, Bauer fouled to Waitkus, Coleman popped to Waitkus and Reynolds fanned. Del Ennis drove into deep centre and Joe DiMaggio made a spectacular catch, crashing against the wall to do so.

Jones lined to Rizzuto and Hammer lined to Coleman. In the seventh, Woodling flied to Siler, Rizzuto walked, Berra fouled to Ashburn and DiMaggio fouled out to Waitkus. In the eighth, Waitkus got a walk and was replaced at first by Ralph Caballero as pinch runner.

Tom Ferriello started warming up for the Yankees, Goliat flied to Woodling, Roberts sacrificed to put Caballero on second, DiMaggio lined out to Waitkus, Ken Silvestri replaced Andy Semick behind the plate for Phillies in the eighth, and Jim Konstanty began warming up. Mize fouled to Waitkus, Brown singled and went to second a moment later on Bauer's single. Hopp ran for Brown, and went to third when Coleman grounded out.

**HOPP FOR MIZE**  
In the Phillies eighth inning Hopp replaced Mize at first base and Billy Johnson went in for Brown at third. Richie Ashburn got a hit by beating a bunt down the third baseline, but was forced at second when Reynolds caught Siler's drive and relayed a high throw to Rizzuto, who made a good catch. Del Ennis hit into a double play Johnson to Coleman to Hopp, to end the inning.

Yanks went down in short order in the ninth, and Dick Whitman, batting for Silvestri, hit into a double play, Rizzuto to Coleman to Hopp, to send the game into extra innings.

Joe DiMaggio, first man up in the 10th, hit Roberts' pitch into the left field bleachers for his seventh World Series homer. Johnson fanned, Hopp flied out and Hammer drove out Bauer. In the Phillies half Jack Mayo batted for Roberts and walked, Waitkus sacrificed, Ashburn fouled and Siler was called out on strikes to end the game.

The final score: 

	R	H	E
New York	2	10	0
Philadelphia	1	7	0

—United Press.

### Rugger Results

London, Oct. 5.  
The following were the results of rugger games played today: **EUGBY UNION**  
County Championships Match Leicestershire 0, East Midlands 6.  
**OTHER MATCHES**  
Cornwall 22, British Police 6.  
Gloucester 0, Cheltenham 0.  
**RUGBY LEAGUE**  
St. Helen's 24, Carrasienne 22.—Reuter.

### French Flyweight Championship

Paris, Oct. 5.  
Louis Skenna tonight won the French flyweight title by defeating the holder, Honoré Frater, on points over 15 rounds here.—Reuter.

## TWO NEW YORK YANKEES



Johnny Hopp, right, who was waived from the Pittsburgh Pirates of the National League to the New York Yankees of the American League, chats with Johnny Mize before a game in New York. Fans hope that Hopp will add the Yankee pennant cause in the same way Mize did when he was waived from the New York Giants last year.

## So The Tests Are To Be Broadcast After All

Australians—and, of course, cricket enthusiasts everywhere—are, after all, to hear broadcasts of the forthcoming Test matches between Australia and England. This is the cheering news given by Australian Postmaster-General H. C. Anthony.

Government action has ended the deadlock which arose between broadcasting interests and the New South Wales Cricket Association. The association have reduced their demand for £800 for broadcasting the Sydney Test to £720; and of this amount the commercial stations will pay £400 and the Australian Broadcasting Commission the rest.

The point is, of course, that the NSW arrangement is to be the basis for broadcasting from the other States where Tests are played.

### STAYING AMATEUR

Eric Phelps, back home by air after the Philadelphia Gold Cup sculling race, says that Mervin Wood, the Australian winner and beyond doubt the world's No. 1 sculler, is to spend a few days in England with his wife before he returns to Australia.

There is no possibility, Phelps adds, of Wood's turning professional. There are no professionals in Australia capable of giving Wood a race; therefore there is no money in it.

Phelps himself has had three attractive coaching offers—two in the USA and one in Canada; but it is probable that Phelps will stay at home. The scheme put up by the Wingfield Sculls committee, asking the clubs to engage Phelps for a week at a time as visiting adviser is meeting with widespread support.

### FIGHTING FINISH

Rowe, as expected, did set the pace in the Gold Cup race, says Phelps. Although narrowly missing the buttress of a bridge early on and being bothered by a launch carrying spectators, which kept within about 6 ft. of his stern all the way, he held the lead for three-quarters of a mile.

Towards the end Wood had taken over and the American fleet was about two lengths in front of Rowe. But Rowe displayed the general impression that he is not a great prospect for more than a mile by closing up and getting to within half a length of the American.

Had the race gone on three more seconds, Phelps believes, Rowe would have beaten Kelly. And he is quite likely to be the next time they meet.

### 'ENGLISH LIFE'

Those who saw the Oxfordshire v. East Midlands county rugby match at Oxford were surprised to see movie cameras on the ground. The reason was the making of a film for America showing scenes of English life. The "star" was L. B. Cannell, Oxford University Northampton wing three-quarter, who was playing for East Midlands.

Afterwards, at the headquarters of Oxford RFU, Mike Gilling and Cannell rehearsed a scene. Cannell, on entering the room, was greeted by Mike, who walked across to buy him a pint. This was tried out a number of times, much to the chagrin of the two teams. Gilling bought many pints, and not only for Cannell.

Cannell was chosen as a typical example of English University student life.

### ENJOYING THE TRIP

The 16 MCC cricketers are enjoying the trip to Australia. Who wouldn't? They are playing plenty of games on a smooth sea, and there is abundant food and drink.

Most energetic is 10-year-old Brian Close. At 7 a.m. he is running around the deck, and until dinner-time arrives he

He twisted a knee in his second match and has not played since. Tom Ballard took over, played a few games, and badly injured his collarbone. International Bill Ellerington moved from the right, played one game at left-back, was injured, and is out.

Len Wilkins was next. He moved from right-half to play left back, did not "come off" and the position fell to Jack Gregory, who has waited for seven years—he signed on almost straight from school—for a chance. Only 25, he is ripe to break into the first team and may be all the better for coming on slowly.

### CAPTAIN BROKE LEG

Hendon, one of the most progressive clubs in the London area, have had an unfortunate beginning to their new rugby season.

Playing Welwyn (whom they beat 11-3) on their ground at Mill Hill Park, Watford Way, Hendon lost their captain, Alec Reeve, with a broken leg within three minutes of the start. He was tackled when kicking for touch when the accident occurred.

And vice-captain Alan Evans broke a bone in his right hand. Reeve is in hospital but Evans hopes to play again in three weeks.

(London Express Service)

## WHITE ROSE BECOMES THE CESAREWITCH FAVOURITE

London, Oct. 5.

The French filly, White Rose, owned by M. Marcel Boussac, became the favourite at 100 to 8 for the Cesarewitch at the callover at the Victoria Club here tonight.

## Final Acceptors For The Champion Stakes

London, Oct. 5.

The first and final acceptors for the Champion Stakes, running over one mile and a quarter at Newmarket on Thursday, October 12, were published today.

There was little alteration in the prices of the other probable runners. Socrates, who became the Cambridgeshire favourite at 10 to 1 on Monday, was readily supported and hardened to 8 to 1. Flush Royal, recently at 40 to 1 and a 28 to 1 chance at the last callover, continued to shorten down to 20 to 1.

They are (with weights) Royal Drake, Roe du Diable, Shackleton, Burnt Brown, Peter Flower, Flocon (all nine stone), Saturn, Damasco, Sweet William (all eight stone, eight pounds).—Reuter.

### ADELAIDE DERBY

Adelaide, Oct. 5.  
There are six final acceptors for the South Australian Derby, to be run over a mile and a half at the Morphettville Racecourse here on October 7.

They are (with weights) Deccason, Star Monarch, Helioson, Toast-master, and Vagueness (all eight stone, 10 pounds), Charing (8 stone, 6 pounds).—Reuter.

### THE QUOTATIONS

The quotations were: **CESAREWITCH**  
100 to 8 White Rose.  
100 to 7 French Squadron.  
High Forest, Strathgry and Come to Good.  
20 to 1 Clivia II.  
22 to 1 Extra Dry and Specialty.  
25 to 1 Le Teller and Fala.  
28 to 1 Royal Oak, Harlech, Merayah and Le Hero.  
33 to 1 Quixote and On End.  
**CAMBRIDGESHIRE**  
8 to 1 Socrates.  
100 to 8 Flush Royal.  
100 to 6 Kelling.  
18 to 1 Hyperbole.  
20 to 1 Flush Royal.  
22 to 1 Roe du Diable.  
25 to 1 Zina and Stormy Petrel.—Reuter.

### THE GAMBOLS



### THE GAMBOLS



### THE GAMBOLS



### THE GAMBOLS









# Russians Accused Of Backing Strike Disorders In Vienna

Vienna, Oct. 5. Austria tonight protested to the "Big Four" Powers that Soviet authorities were "preventing" Austrian police from restoring law and order in Communist-inspired demonstrations against its new wages and prices policy.

## Security Law Bars Germans

Frankfurt, Oct. 5. Hundreds of Germans who have been selected to go to the United States on cultural and educational visits cannot do so because of the new American security law banning entry visas for former members of the Nazi Party and affiliated organizations.

The National Security Act of September 23 was primarily aimed at American Communists but also affected members of the former Nazi Party and affiliated organizations.

Mr. Albert M. Oyle, American Consul in Frankfurt, said that he was issuing no more visas for ex-Nazis. He was still waiting for the text of the law to see how far it applied to members of Nazi affiliated organizations.

### NOT FROM CHOICE

"We were trying to clear up the situation," he added. An American High Commission spokesman admitted that there was "some confusion" over the application of the law.

Another High Commission spokesman said that "unless there is a clarification of the law relating to former members of the Hitler Youth and the girls of the Bund Deutsche Mädel, it will be extremely difficult to meet our quota."

Many young Germans, now of college age, entered the Hitler Youth "as a matter of course and not from any political choice," he said.

Thousands of Germans have already visited the United States under the American exchange programme.—Reuter.

## Barracks For Tommies

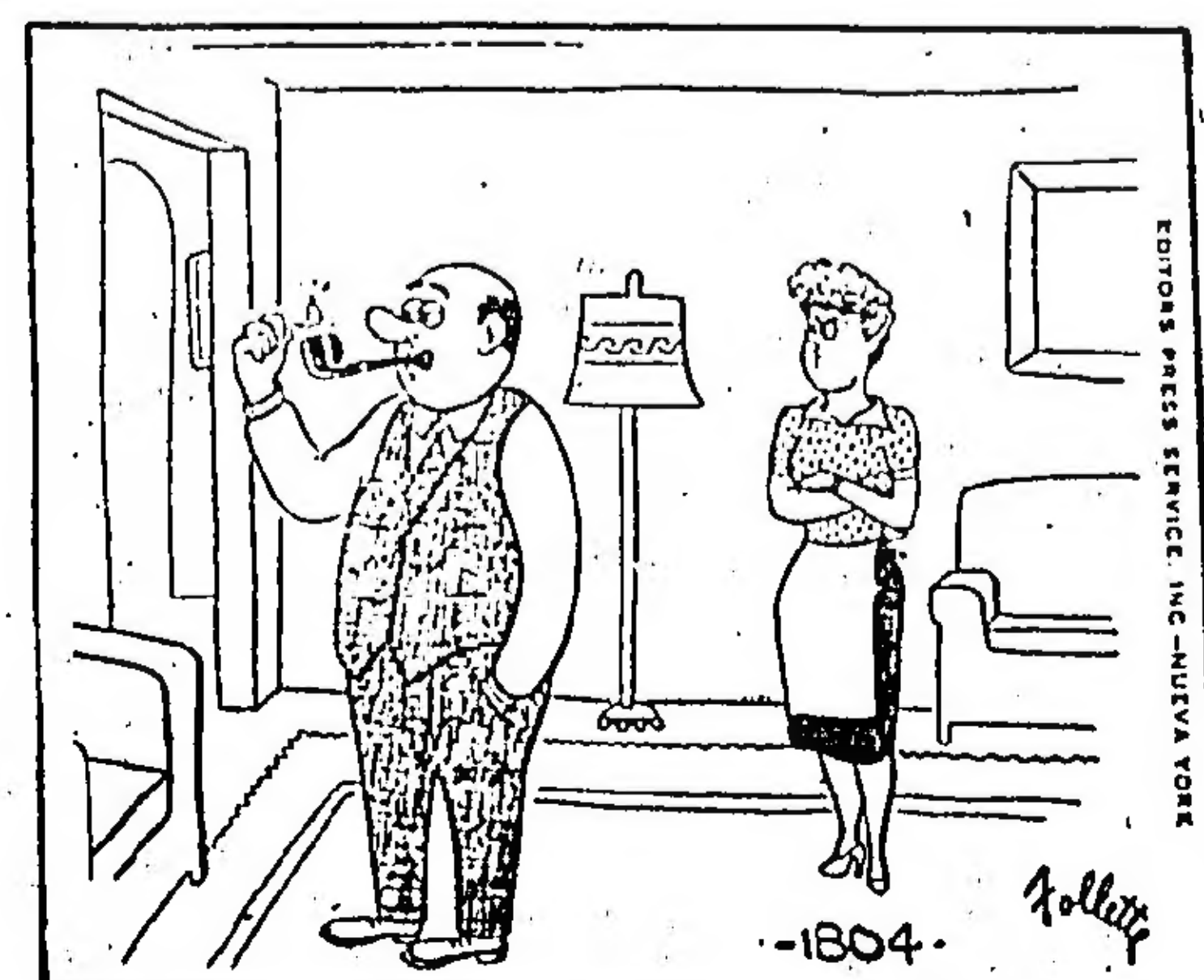
Duesseldorf, Oct. 5. The British authorities in West Germany to house the expected British troop reinforcements promised at the New York "Big Three" Foreign Ministers conference, the British Land Commissioner for North Rhine-Westphalia, Major-General W.H.A. Bishop, has announced.

The British 11th Armoured Division is expected in Germany "in the near future."

The expected American reinforcements in Bavaria will probably be housed in camps there, the United States Land Commissioner, Mr. George Schuster, said in Munich today.—Reuter.

### Symposium On Diseases

Baghdad, Oct. 5. A Middle East tropical diseases symposium will be held at Beirut, Lebanon, on November 18 and 19 under the auspices of the Division of Medicine of the American University there. It is sponsored by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency.—Reuter.



"Who's prejudiced against your family? I just happen to be a good judge of character, that's all."

Vienna, Oct. 5.

The protests were addressed to the Allied Council in Vienna and also cabled to the British, American, French and Soviet Foreign Ministers.

The three Western High Commissioners, who with the Soviet High Commissioner form the Allied Council, met several times today.

Nothing was announced but it is believed that they discussed measures to be taken in case of a strike in Vienna. The Soviet sector should spread to central Vienna's international district or the Western sectors.

Strikers today virtually isolated Vienna, blocking roads and railways linking the capital with the north, east and west, setting up barricades and occupying some railway stations.

The Allied Control Council may meet specially tomorrow to deal with the Austrian Government's protest, officially described as "urgent," and to discuss the possibility of a Four-Power action to check the crisis.

### RAIL LINES BLOCKED

The Austrian police control the situation except for certain parts of the Russian zone of Austria and Vienna's Soviet sector. During the day the Austrian Government published details in support of its claim that the Russians were helping the strikers, who have made wage and price demands.

Countering the Government's economic pact with the Social-led trade unions. Railway stations, tramway termini, post offices and factories were said to have been occupied by gangs of strikers who rode in Russian lorries.

The Transport Ministry reported that one-time strikers and blocked all railway lines out of Vienna except one to the south. They had completed the blockade of the capital by erecting roadblocks on many main roads, it was stated. Allied vehicles were held up.

These activities were alleged to have been carried on with the protection of the Russian authorities.

In Wiener Neustadt, Soviet zone, where police yesterday drove strikers from the post office and telephone exchange which they had occupied, the police reinforcements were today turned away and strikers reoccupied the buildings, the Government said.

### ZERO HOUR

With the help of anti-Communist workers, police wrested several key points from the strikers and removed roadblocks, but in many cases strikers' reinforcements, summoned by factory sirens, arrived and reoccupied buildings.

At the Radiatoren factory in Wiener Neustadt, workers have fought off repeated attacks by strikers from other works and kept their plants going since midnight last Tuesday, zero hour for the unsuccessful Communist-called general strike.

The St. Pölten railway station, one of the most important main lines to the west, was tonight retaken by the police. An Austrian communiqué today claimed that recent incidents had violated the control agreement.

The Foreign Minister, Dr. Karl Gruber, this afternoon saw the Russian political representative, Mr. Koptelov. Foreign Ministry officials said that Mr. Koptelov said that Soviet authorities were keeping strictly to the control agreement.

### MORE INTENSE

Dr. Gruber postponed a visit to the United States because of the crisis over the wage and price agreement, which strikers say does not increase pay as much as costs.

Official announcements today described the situation in the Russian zone as "becoming more intense," and the phrase "terrorist groups" appeared in communications. Earlier today the Cabinet discussed the "state of insecurity" in the Russian-occupied area of the country.—Reuter.

# BULGARIA WANTS TURKS TO GO

Sofia, Oct. 5.

Bulgaria "stands firm" on its decision to facilitate the emigration of 250,000 Turks "and of all those who additionally would like to emigrate," the Assistant Foreign Minister, Mr. Zivkov, said here today.

"It must be emphatically underlined that the principle of voluntary emigration must be kept most strictly and no constraint is applied to the Turks in Bulgaria," he told reporters.

Bulgaria demanded in August that Turkey accept the repatriation of 250,000 Turks living in Bulgaria within three months. Turkey protested, rejected the time limit and proposed negotiations.

M. Zivkov read a statement accusing the Turkish authorities of not keeping the 1923 Emigration Convention and "hindering members of the Turkish minority from entering Turkey."

He said that nearly 125,000 Turks had received passports but over 90,000 had not received Turkish visas. They were all "victims of Turkish propaganda, which aimed at stirring up discontent and hostility against Bulgaria, and turning the Turkish minority into an agent and weapon for intervention in the internal affairs of Bulgaria through creating disorder."

Misled by promises of "mountains of gold in Turkey," the emigrants had sold all their property and were in a terrible plight, he claimed.

Mr. Zivkov described an alleged incident at the frontier village of Capitan, near the town of Ouhovo, when 100 emigrants, received the previous night by the local Turkish authorities, "fled in panic." They were chased back into Bulgarian territory by Turkish soldiers resorting to "violence and shots in the air," he asserted.—Reuter.

He added that Afghanistan had no regular troops.

Dr. Najibullah was referring to the Pakistan Defence Ministry communiqué, issued on Tuesday reporting a clash on Monday in the Debandi area, about 30 miles northeast of Chaman.

A STRUGGLE The communiqué said that Pakistani troops, supported by aircraft and civil armed forces, were pursuing armed Afghans toward the Afghanistan border.

Dr. Najibullah said: "This clash in Debandi, like all other clashes in the land of the Pakhtoons, is in reality a struggle between the nationalist and freedom-loving people of Afghanistan, on the one side, and the occupying and foreign troops of the Karachi Government, on the other."

He added that Afghanistan was agreeable to any impartial investigation of the incident by a neutral international commission.—Reuter.

## Arab League Observer

Lake Success, Oct. 5. Eleven more countries have announced support of a Syrian proposal to invite the Secretary-General of the Arab League to attend all sessions of the United Nations General Assembly as an observer.

They are: the Dominican Republic, Greece, China, Liberia, Britain, Yugoslavia, Burma, Pakistan, Argentina, the Lebanon and the Philippines.

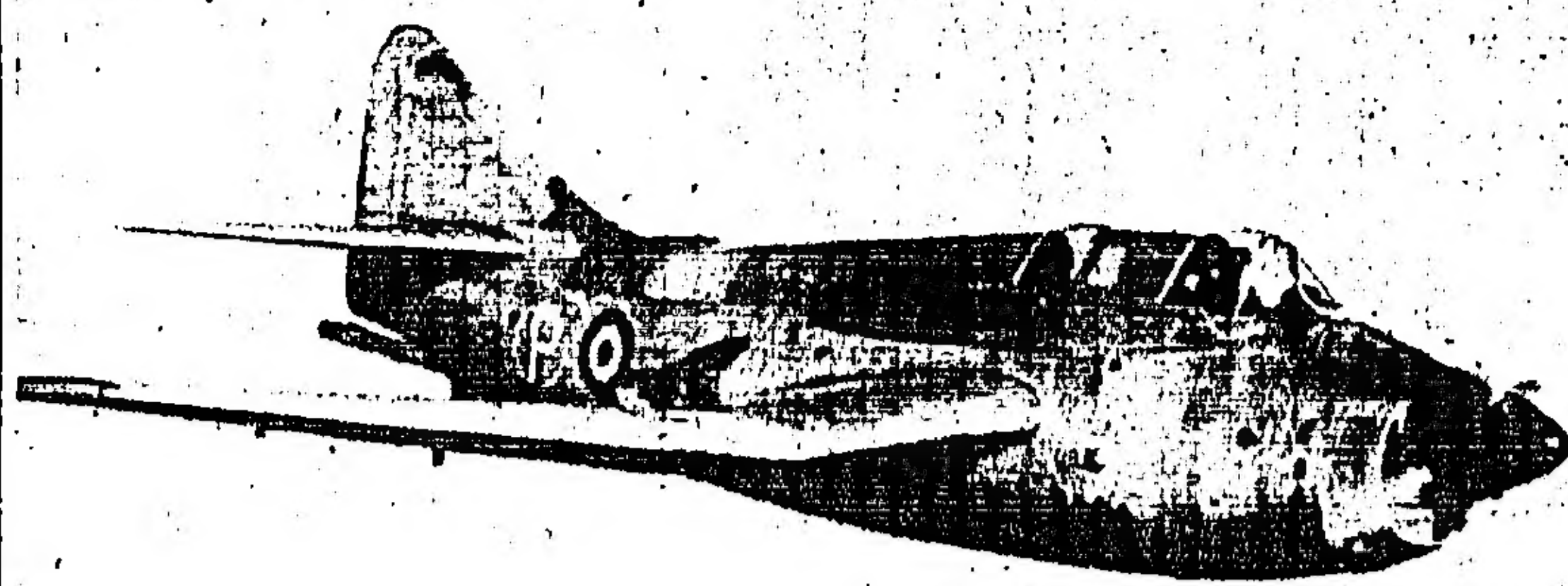
At a Legal Committee meeting yesterday they spoke in favour of issuing a permanent invitation to the head of the Arab League.

The Committee adjourned until today when it will continue discussion of the matter.—Reuter.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE Answers

1. In tropical or semi-tropical climates. 2. Joel Chandler Harris. 3. The amount representing the total sales of a trader during a given period. 4. Port-au-Prince. 5. The main course of a meal. 6. London, England.

## First To Be Landed



It has been disclosed that the Fairey 17 anti-submarine aircraft—powered by an Armstrong Siddeley "Double Mamba" twin-coaxial turbine engine, driving contra-rotating propellers—has achieved the distinction of being the first aircrew-turbine powered machine to be landed on the deck of an aircraft carrier. It has completed deck-landing trials on HMS Illustrious. Photo shows view in flight of a Fairey 17. (London Express Service).

# TECHNICAL CO-OPERATION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA: CONSTITUTION DRAFTED

London, Oct. 5.

The Governments of Australia, Canada, Ceylon, India, New Zealand, Pakistan and the United Kingdom will have one representative each on the proposed Council for Technical Co-operation in South and Southeast Asia. It was authoritatively learned here today.

This is laid down in the draft Constitution of the Council approved by the Commonwealth Consultative Committee, which yesterday concluded its 10-day secret examination of plans for economic aid to South and Southeast Asia.

The draft Constitution has now been recommended to the governments concerned for ratification.

The Council will have its headquarters at Colombo, where it will normally meet as often as business requires. It may, however, meet from time to time at any other convenient place in the area.

It may at any time admit to its membership a government which applies to co-operate under the technical assistance scheme and, if other governments join, the £2,000,000 contribution which the Commonwealth countries have agreed to provide may be increased.

Each co-operating government will meet the expenses of its representatives on the Council.

To assist the Council, a Bureau will be established. This Bureau will consist of a Director and staff appointed by the Council.

The Director of the Bureau will, under the control of the Council, organise the development of the technical co-operation scheme.

The Council will mainly assist in the economic development of South and Southeast Asia by the provision of technical assistance. It will also organise the training of personnel and the despatch of missions abroad to study the latest techniques and practices.

Experts, instructors and advisory missions to assist in planning, development, reconstruction or for use in public administration, industrial or the training of personnel, will also be provided.

It will further give equipment required for training or use by technical experts in the region.

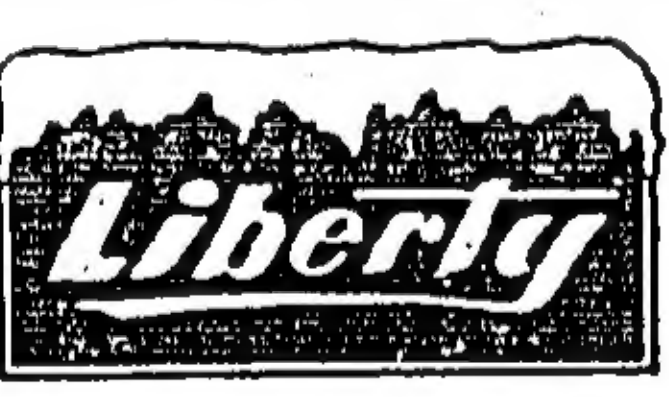
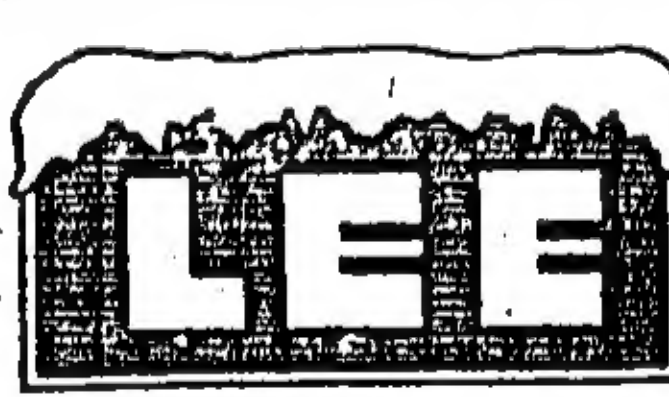
REMOVING OBSTACLES The establishment, equipment, extension or endowment of institutions or other organisations will also come within the scope of the Council.

The Council will investigate any obstacles or difficulties that reduce or prevent the availability or best use of technical assistance, and will endeavour to remove all such obstacles or difficulties.

The draft Constitution also has a number of articles on the administration of the scheme.

### ADMISSIONS AS USUAL

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Cecil B. DeMille's Masterpiece  
**Samson and Delilah**  
Color by Technicolor  
Cecil B. DeMille's SAMSON AND DELILAH  
Hedy Lamarr-Victor Mature-George Sanders-Angela Lansbury  
Henry Wilcoxon Produced and Directed by Cecil B. DeMille  
PLEASE BOOK EARLY TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT!

## Intermediary Position Of U.N. Stressed

Chicago, Oct. 5. Mr. Halvard Lange, the Norwegian Foreign Minister, said here today that the proposals for transforming the United Nations into a world-wide alliance against Communism were unrealistic.

"We know that very important member countries, whose support and friendly co-operation we need, just would not go along," he told the Chicago Council of Foreign Relations.

"If the United Nations has to break up as a universal organisation, let the Communists do it. I am sure popular opinion in our Atlantic democracies would never support a policy of undermining the United Nations as a universal force where, to quote General Marshall, we can use words instead of bullets."

"We also appreciate the fact that the presence in the United Nations of many countries of an intermediary position in the present world conflict, and holding views different from our own, is a useful corrective on our policies," Mr. Lange added.

The thesis that the world was divided into two camps was "a gross over-simplification," he said.

Large countries of growing importance found themselves in an intermediary position. It was imperative that the Western democracies should not isolate themselves from the emerging nations of Asia and Africa, he added.—Reuter.

## Inter-Zonal Waterways Busy Again

Berlin, Oct. 5.

Barge traffic between Berlin and West Germany began moving today in both directions after the Soviet and British authorities yesterday lifted their "strangling" measures on inter-zonal waterways traffic.

Hundreds of barges, which had been held up at the various inter-zonal check-points, were released.

Soviet zone barges, on their way through Berlin's British sector canal locks, were also passing unhindered after the British controllers yesterday relaxed their temporarily enforced checking.

This step was taken in answer to Soviet measure virtually paralysing barge traffic between West Germany and West Berlin for the past nine days.

The Soviet authorities last night made the first move to end the week-old struggle by handing over to the British about 200 approved crew lists of West Berlin and West German barges.—Reuter.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

Morning Post Building, Hongkong.

Published daily (afternoons). Price, 20 cents per edition. Subscription: \$150 per month.

Postage: China and Macao, \$15 per month. UK British Possessions and other countries, \$1.50 per month.

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### DEATHS

MOW FUNG-Fredrick Charles Edward, 41, died at his residence, 21, Maple Street, Kowloon, 5th October, 1950. Burial at 2 p.m. Saturday, 10th October, at 2 p.m. with short service. Cortege will leave residence on Sunday, October 8th, at 2 p.m.

### WANTED KNOWN

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**SECOND EDITION The**

# Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Northeast gales veering to Southeast. Overcast, with continuous rain, heavy at times.

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VOL. V NO. 236

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1950.

Price 20 Cents

## INTENSE TYPHOON TO STRIKE COLONY TODAY

### Communist-Inspired General Strike Is A Flop

Vienna, Oct. 4. Only about 50,000 of Austria's 1,500,000 workers responded to the Communist call for a general strike today.

Apart from Russian-controlled works in the Soviet sector of Vienna and the Soviet Zone most factories worked as usual. All shops in the capital were open.

The Ministry of the Interior in a declaration issued tonight announced: "The general strike called by the Communist Party throughout Austria has broken on the will to resist of our workers."

"Throughout the whole land economic life takes its normal course."

The Russian-controlled Radio in Vienna broadcast continuous appeals to workers to join the demonstrations in the city. Russian lorries brought workers into the city from outlying districts.

Several incidents were reported in Vienna and the provinces when Communists tried to sabotage railway and tram services.

Tram drivers in the American sector beat up 150 Communists who had tried to stop them from running. The police made 30 arrests, including the daughter of Austria's No. 1 Communist, Johann Koplenig, in Kagran, in the Soviet area of the city, strikers, including women and children, squatted on tram lines to hold up traffic.

#### DRIVEN OFF

Strikers seized the railway station at Stiefau, a suburb on the Russian side of the Danube. They built barricades and tried to block the lines until the police drove them off and smashed the barricades.

Railway workers at St. Valentin, in the Soviet Zone, drove off 400 strikers from the nearby Nibelungen factory, who marched on the station, intending to cut the Vienna-Linz line.

The Austrian Government, which last night protested to the Allied Council that the Soviet authorities were hindering the Austrian police in dealing with strikes and demonstrations, today alleged that the Russians were still interfering with the police in their zone.

### Gale May Be Severe And Last Long

#### POSSIBILITY OF STORM'S "EYE" PASSING OVER HONGKONG

THE TYPHOON WHICH RAVAGED NORTH LUZON ON MONDAY IS EXPECTED TO STRIKE HONGKONG LATE THIS AFTERNOON.

"THIS IS DEFINITELY A MAJOR TYPHOON — A VERY INTENSE ONE," SAID A ROYAL OBSERVATORY OFFICIAL THIS MORNING.

Nevertheless owing to scanty information from shipping, the Observatory cannot forecast to what degree the Colony will suffer from the cyclone.

It can be confidently predicted, however, that Hongkong will suffer a sustained blow, probably lasting several hours.

It is established that the typhoon has a radius of 200 miles and that its centre will pass a mere 50 miles south of the Colony this afternoon. Already, between 7 and 8 this morning, wind gusts of 70 miles an hour had been recorded, and wind force has been steadily increasing.

The Royal Observatory is suffering from a dearth of information about the typhoon. Only one report from a ship, received during the passage of the "eye,"

The history of the typhoon since midnight has been: 3 a.m.—The storm was within 30 miles of latitude 20.4 N and longitude 115.6 E moving WNW at five to eight knots. Winds of 70 knots were within 50 miles of the centre. 5 a.m.—The centre of the typhoon was about 140 miles to the southeast of Hongkong moving WNW at five to eight knots. It was expected to pass south of the Colony this afternoon or evening. Northerly gales were continuing during the day increasing gradually in force and veering towards the north-east.

9 a.m.—The typhoon was situated about 100 miles south-east of the Colony, moving WNW or NW at eight knots. The centre was expected to pass about 50 miles south of Hongkong late this afternoon. Winds would continue to increase during the day, veering northeast to east.

During the past 24 hours the Colony has taken all precautions to withstand the threatening storm.

Ships remaining in the harbour have raised steam at their mooring buoys. Kai Tak airport has been closed and all ferry services suspended.

The Star Ferry resumed operations as usual first thing this morning, but when the No. 9 typhoon signal was hoisted at 7 o'clock, the blue flag was run up and the service ceased.

So far none of the bus or tram services have been affected and these are operating normal schedules, including the Peak tramways.

#### BREAKS MOORINGS

Strong winds were experienced in the Stanley area early this morning and a few squall-like gusts were blowing down the street in the village were blown down.

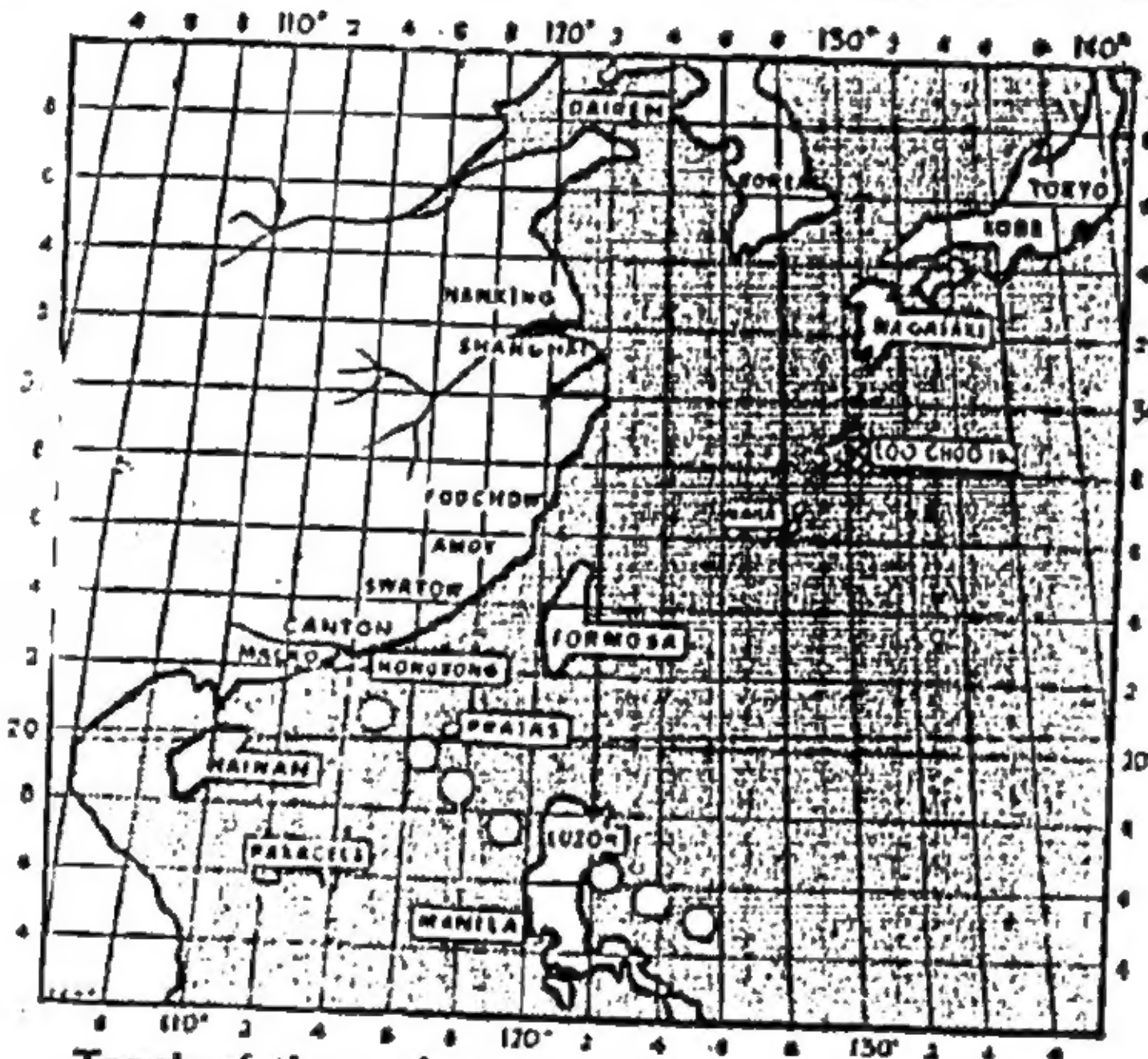
At 5.45 the lighter Tin Shang which was tied up at the Heep Wo shipyard, Cheungshanwan, broke her moorings and drifted down the harbour. On board were six or seven coolies and the Marine Police are keeping a look-out for the distressed vessel.

The typhoon has prevented Mr. W. J. ("Stoker") Edwards, First Civil Lord of the Admiralty from arriving in Hongkong by air today, and the party arranged by Commodore L. N. Brownfield in his honour this evening has been postponed.

The typhoon threat also caused the Criminal Sessions to be suspended this morning. The sessions will resume at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The magistrates' courts in Hongkong are functioning as usual today. The reception to have been given today by the Consul for Portugal at the Club Lusitano in honour of the Portuguese National Day has been cancelled, as also has the field day arranged for "A" Company, Hongkong Regiment.

The First Division football match between St. Joseph's and the Hongkong Football Club, to be played on the Club ground at 5 p.m. today, has been postponed.



Track of the typhoon now threatening Hongkong

the ss Angonia, has been received during the past 48 hours. The Angonia was then in the "eye" of the storm.

As a result there has been no observation of the wind closer than 40 miles from the centre.

#### LATEST REPORT

Because of this, said a Royal Observatory official, it is impossible to estimate the strength of the wind which the Colony will experience if the centre passes closer than 40 miles.

The latest Royal Observatory report issued just before going to press stated: At 9 a.m., the centre of the typhoon was about 100 miles southeast of the Colony, moving west-north-west, or north-west at eight knots. The centre is expected to pass to the south of the Colony at a distance of not more than 50 miles late this afternoon. Winds will continue to increase in force and to veer gradually through north-east to east during the day.

The Royal Observatory predicted the possibility of the "eye" of the typhoon crossing some part of the Colony this afternoon, and the Director has called for information from members of the public should they observe this occurrence.

The Royal Observatory issued an official statement on this at 10 o'clock. It read: "There is a possibility of the 'eye' of the typhoon passing through Hongkong. The 'eye' is the region of light winds or calm in the centre of the storm. There is a possibility of the 'eye' crossing some part of the Colony this afternoon."

"In this connection, the Director of the Royal Observatory will appreciate any member of the public making the following simple observations: (1) place of observation; (2) time of commencement of calm or light airs, etc; (3) time of resumption of gale winds; and (4) a description of any interesting occurrence."

### Jeep Is His Chariot



With his hands clasped on top of his head, this North Korean prisoner of war sits on the bonnet of a Jeep as he waits to be taken to the base near the Nakdong River after his capture by the American Military police. His warlike efforts are over, for some time at least.—London Express Service.

## The Labour Party Closes Its Ranks

### "Unity On The Battlefield"

Margate, Kent, Oct. 4.

Left-wingers of the British Labour Party demonstrated here today that they will not allow any differences with the Right-wing leadership to cause an open split in the ranks.

The Health Minister, Mr. Aneurin Bevan, widely alleged to have carried revolt into the Cabinet chamber, summed the situation up for 1,500 delegates at the Party's annual conference when he declared, "We shall face the British nation as a united Party when the General Election comes — and I say that advisedly."

"The important thing is not differences of opinion in the Council Chamber but unity on the battlefield. That unity exists today more strongly than ever."

Mr. Bevan was winding up a debate on the Party's new policy document "Labour and the New Society" which the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Herbert Morrison, introduced earlier.

Mr. Morrison, the Cabinet's dominant right-winger, and Election tactics chief, flatly announced that the Labour leaders did not think it wise at present to commit the Party to a timetable for further nationalisation.

Contrary to reports of a split in the Cabinet Mr. Morrison's speech made it clear that the Government is soft-pedalling on further State ownership but that all sections of the Cabinet are following an agreed line. "We must consider what the national interest requires in the circumstances obtaining when decisions have to be made," he said.

Mr. Morrison spoke for the Labour Executive of which Mr. Bevan is also a member. He said that Labour would need all the time available to prepare for the next Election. The Party, which has a paper majority of only nine in Parliament, could, he declared, get an extra 50 seats and a proper working majority.

Mr. Morrison's speech had a vociferous welcome but the acclamation given to Mr. Bevan was thunderous bearing out his record vote and consequent claim to be the most popular with the rankers.

When the Chairman, Mr. Sam Watson, asked the conference to endorse the policy statement,

## HK To Escape Typhoon After All

### SUDDENLY BEGINS TO FILL UP

At 12.30 this morning the Royal Observatory made the dramatic announcement that Hongkong would not, after all, be struck by the typhoon.

The cause: the typhoon is rapidly filling up, and while some gale force winds may affect the Colony sometime this afternoon, there will be no hurricane winds.

Here is the official statement issued by the Royal Observatory at 12.30 p.m.

"Fortunately for Hongkong the typhoon is now filling up very rapidly, probably owing to the incursion of cool air from the north."

"At noon, local time, the storm was centred about 60 miles SSE of Hongkong, moving WNW at eight to 10 knots. "Winds in Hongkong will continue to veer from north-east to east and may reach gale force again during the afternoon, but the danger of hurricane winds occurring here has now passed."

#### SHIP AGROUND

While Police launch No. 28 was out searching for the missing lighter about 7.30 a.m. today, the launch found the Lee She and was successfully pulled off the rocks. She had dragged her anchor and had run aground on the north-east side of Stoncutter Island. The launch successfully fired a rocket with a Schuamully tow line attached to it from a distance of about 300 yards.

By means of this rocket, a tow-line was taken on board the Lee She and she was successfully pulled off the rocks. She proceeded under her own steam to a safe anchorage. It was learned late this morning that the lighter missing from Shamshulpo Bay was without personnel on board, all her crew having got off before she broke adrift.

#### EDITORIAL

### A Disconcerting Pause

WHILE the United Nations hesitates to authorise General MacArthur to cross the 38th Parallel and crown a brilliant strategic feat by reducing the North Korean capital, Pyongyang, it would be folly to assume that the struggle is over. It might have been, and probably would have been, by ruthless exploitation of the Inchon landing coup, and in the absence of unforeseen direct outside aid, the original strength of the Communists being shattered, it should not have been difficult. General MacArthur's personal wishes can be surmised by a decision to order—or close his eye to—the undertaking of the heavy final task by the South Korean divisions. Their rapid advance towards Wonsan, taking them more than 70 miles beyond the synthetic frontier, can be credited with diligence, but not yet to masterly operations. Opposition, in fact, has been negligible; the stern test has still to come, and no stiff resistance can be expected before the Wonsan area. That courage and determination of the North Koreans has not entirely dissipated in the Uijongbu battle. The drive to capture this last vital objective below the Parallel, initiated almost as a routine exercise, ran into a defence zone of a tenacity and fortitude duplicated only in the streets of Seoul last week. American losses were severe and while they have entered the outskirts of the town, much hard fighting appears to be ahead. No accurate estimate is possible of the strength and resourcefulness of the still uncommitted reserves available to the die-hard Pyongyang leaders, and a further warning comes from the north where a large unidentified convoy is swinging south. Precisely what reinforcement on this scale means cannot be definitely

asserted. Conjecture plays with the possibility that Chinese Communist forces, repeatedly reported as lying close to the Manchurian border, have been lunched in aid of the Korean Reds. Peking hints that China will "stand by" Pyongyang have been largely discounted as a bluff to force the United Nations to pause along the Parallel, but, it is apparently a fact that large numbers of Koreans, trained in Manchurian and Soviet armies, could be marshalled in Manchuria and led across the border in lieu of more active intervention. The dangers are exemplified by Mr. Vyshinsky's tactics in the deliberations of the U.N. Political Committee, engaged in seeking a political solution for the Korean conflict. The Russian Foreign Minister's sole purpose is to obstruct, and his submission of an alternative resolution to the programme sponsored by Britain and seven other nations falls into that groove. After the events of the last three months, it is incredible that Vyshinsky can seriously believe in United Nations consent to the immediate withdrawal of UN forces. Such a demand asks, as Mr. Warren Austin asserted, for the surrender of the United Nations. It does, however, achieve another aim. It delays action, and in the meantime, it might permit regrouping, reorganisation and deploying of the forces now available to the North Koreans in such manner as to offer further serious challenge to the democratic bid to prevent naked aggression. Had force been applied relentlessly against the Korean armies when they were on the run, the likelihood was smaller. Vyshinsky's improvisations to gain time could have been outwitted by an unremitting drive across the Parallel by MacArthur.

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ONLY

HELPLESS MAIDENS STOLEN FOR HEATHEN HAREM...  
and Tarzan vows vengeance!

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LEX BARKER  
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Directed by LEE SHOLEM. Screenplay by John Hodge. Adapted from the story by Edgar Rice Burroughs.

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**BETTE DAVIS**  
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**"The Heiress"**

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Guests Of Sir Arthur Elvin



Mrs Atlee with the Marquess of Christbrooke.  
They attended the aqua-show at Wembley with host  
Sir Arthur Elvin.

—(London Express Service.)

**Let's Eat**  
BY  
EDA BAILEY ALLEN

## Learn the Time-Saving Value Of "Controlled Cooking"

"The more I talk with the housewives, the more I am convinced that many do not understand the time-saving value of 'controlled cooking.' I mean cooking certain foods ahead so they are ready to re-heat and use."

"I have spoken with several ladies about that subject, Madame, and it seems they are afraid to use what they call 'left-overs,' they think it may not be good for the health."

**No Refrigeration**

"That's a hang-over from the days of poor refrigeration or none at all, Chef. It often was true before mechanical refrigeration became practical. But now when the temperature of the refrigerator can be kept at 45 degrees F., or under, cooked foods remain fresh and sweet for at least two days, many much longer."

"It saves much time to cook for twice or three times at once. A good meal can come for two meals; boiled or roasted meat to serve three times; potatoes first to serve boiled, the next day creamed or au gratin. To prepare a big pot of fluffy rice to use plain or in fritters, croquettes, waffles and puddings. This is what you call 'Controlled Cooking' as practised by all great restaurant chefs—to be recommended to all housewives."

**Today's Dinner**  
Rabbit, Onion and  
New Lettuce Salad  
Ham and Eggs in King  
Rice Fritters  
Southern Corn Custard  
Heated Rolls  
Strawberry Meringue Cake  
Coffee, Tea or Milk

All Measurements Are Level  
Recipes Serve Four

**Rice Fritters**

Measure 1½ c. cooked rice (any kind) into a mixing bowl. Stir with a fork to break up the grains. Add 1 egg beaten light, ½ tsp. salt, ½ c. milk, ½ lb. melted shortening and 1 c. enriched flour sifted with 3 tsp. baking powder. Heat enough vegetable fat in a heavy frying pan to barely cover the bottom. Drop in the fritter batter by medium-sized tablespoonfuls. Fry first on one side then the other, allowing about 6 min. altogether. If to be served with meat or gravy, fry in meat fat; if to be a dessert, fry in vegetable fat and serve with jelly or syrup.

**Strawberry Meringue Cake**

Make or purchase 1 plain sponge cake 2 to 2½" thick. Wash, hull and slice enough strawberries to make 2 c.; add ¼ c. sugar. Place cake in a baking pan; spread on the strawberries; heap with meringue.

## For The Left-Handed

A bank in Kansas City, Mo., has devised a cheque book with the stub on the right instead of the left side for the convenience of left-hand depositors.

high-meringue and slow-bake  
20 min. Serve cold.

Trick of the Chef

When rice is used as a vegetable, give it a savoury taste by first toasting the raw rice until yellowed in the oven.

## Pick Your Coiffure



This smooth-looking short hairdo is the perfect choice for chie.  
The back hair is swept upwards, giving a flattering rounded effect.

By HELEN FOLLETT

IN past times the hairdo was standardised. When grand-ma was a beautiful young thing her hair was weighed down with demountable hair no matter how thick and long her own tresses might be. She wore an inside pompadour to form a wide halo around her head. Atop that was a thirty-six-inch coronation braid, above was mounted a group of rolls that would fill a biscuit tin. As grand-ma looked, so did every other woman.

When the short crop was announced, some time ago, as the proper hairdo for the new woman, she felt that they meant a romantic element. While the high hairdo seems out of it, some women

**Shoulder-Length Style**

Many film stars are still wearing the shoulder-length style. So are sub-debs who love flowing locks; feel that they impart a romantic element. While the high hairdo seems out of it, some women

# WOMANSENSE

LONDON.

A dress shows in London recently, the atmosphere has been unusually serious. The thought probably uppermost in the minds of experienced buyers who make up the audiences is that wool, already nine times dearer than in pre-war days, is likely to become even more expensive in the near future.

The present boom in wool prices will not immediately affect the market for ready-made clothes. But in three months' time we can expect to pay more for knitting wool; in six months our suits "off the peg" will have increased in price also.

One might reasonably expect a campaign to be launched that would extol the virtues of cloths other than the fine woollen fabrics on which our fashion trade exists. But far from it.

## No Substitute

The International Wool Secretariat stubbornly pursues its policy of publicising wool, which it does with brilliantly organised parades and shows. "There is No Substitute For

From Our London Correspondent

Wool" is a slogan to which the Secretariat adheres with utmost tenacity.

Their latest show "Vogue Patterns in Wool" could scarcely have been better timed—from a publicity point of view. It was one of the most interesting collections seen for a long while, consisting of styles made from Vogue patterns. Any fairly good needlewoman could make these designs, some of which come from the famous French couturiers, Schiaparelli, Balmain, and Fath. If women ever needed encouragement to make their own clothes from wool—here it was.

## Fashion Landmark

Said Mrs. Julie Mars, the Vogue fashion expert who ran the show: "This show is a landmark in British fashion history. It has taken the very cream of current fashion, presented it in the finest wool fabrics available—and most women, like most eminent fashion designers, know that wool has no equal for clothes of this nature. Every single model has retained the essential simplicity of line which is the hallmark of the present trend." They go on to tell us

how simple are wool materials for the novice to use, how easy they are to handle and how very adaptable.

The parade was held in a large shop in London's shopping centre. It is to four 16 towns and cities in Britain and Ireland during the next two months. Manufacturers are preparing for a rush on woollen fabrics.

This is not all the publicity that wool will receive in this last month of summer.

## Show of the Year

In the near future the I.W.S. will put on their "show of the year," in co-operation with the Incorporated Society of London Fashion Designers. "Haute Couture and Wool" is its title. It will be shown to one of the most distinguished audiences that ever attend anything so feminine as a fashion show. The Prime Minister's wife will be there, as she always is, and in addition there will be members of the diplomatic corps, chairmen and managing directors from all the leading stores, leading figures in women's organisations, overseas buyers, and a group of

## Proper Care of Skin Rash

By HERMAN N. BUNDESEN, M.D.

SKIN rashes are no exception to the general rule that self-treatment is likely to do more harm than good. It is necessary to emphasise this fact because the average person is so prone to try home remedies in cases of this kind, with the result that, by the time he sees the doctor, his skin is badly inflamed and often difficult to heal.

## Wet Dressings

By soothing preparations are meant wet dressings or compresses, or even baths. Greasy or oily preparations are also helpful. The acidity of the skin should not be lowered by using soaps. If there is itching or burning, a solution of potassium permanganate or boric acid, or one known as Burrow's may be used. If wet dressings are employed, they should be followed by a greasy preparation. Boric acid ointment seems soothing and useful in many instances.

When stimulating preparations are needed, very small quantities of the drugs are required. Such things as tar, sulphur, and salicylic acid in small amounts,

as prescribed by the doctor in the form of ointments, are sufficient to produce the stimulation necessary for healing.

The physician, in cases of skin rash, will have to determine whether the rash is a result of infection with germs or with parasites. Of course, the exact treatment will depend upon the type of germ or parasite producing the disorder.

Recently, in those cases of skin rash due to allergy or over-sensitivity, the antihistamine preparations have been found of great value, not only when taken internally but when applied directly to the region in the form of an ointment.

## Your Sewing Scrapbook

Many Brooks Pickens

## Bretelles—Over-Shoulder Suspenders

Pin and stitch second shoulder piece, making sure pleats run same direction as in first. Press.

**Sash Around Waist**

Pin sash ribbon around waistline, bow ends even. Locate on waistline, on each side of centre front and centre back, position for pleated ruffles—not too far to side lest they fall off shoulders. Place pin at these points.

**Stitch shoulder pieces** to points located on waistband ribbon, placing wrong side of ribbon to wrong side of waistband piece, as in B. Turn shoulder piece up, as in C.

**To Hold Securely**

From right side, stitch close to edge of waistband across pleating, to hold securely. Tie all thread ends, and your set of Pleated Bretelles is ready to don.

**For Plain Bretelles:** Cut ribbon into 4 lengths—2 long enough for over shoulder plus 2" each end for casing; 2 to make bars across chest and back—usually 4"–5" each.

**Ribbon Over Shoulder**

Place ribbon over shoulders. Pin bar ribbons to place at a becoming point for the child. Join bars to edge of ribbon in same way. Pleated Bretelles are joined.

Make a ¼" turn, then a ½" hem in end of each shoulder piece. Run a cord or elastic through this that can fasten comfortably around waist under skirt belt and hold Bretelles nicely to position.

Lay ¼" pleats in one shoulder piece, as in A, pinning each pleat and creasing it as you proceed.

Lay pleated ribbon on tissue paper and stitch in from one edge ¼" of the ribbon's width or in line with a stripe if ribbon has one.

Popular lengths included slip-on and longer gloves with pearl button accents, contrasting stitching, side vents and flare. A popular idea is to link the point detailing with the general contour of the cuff giving the glove a nice balance.

For special occasions, a slip-on with detachable satin inner cuff. A velvet back, and a satin back glove are also included.

There is an extensive double-faced nylon group this season.

Newest in the knit glove line is one of 75 percent wool and 25 percent nylon.

TOMORROW: REVERSIBLE CIRCULAR CAPE.



## Singing In The Rain



## London Diary:

## Jebb Puts Winchell Right About Britain

A tall, dignified Briton was strolling along New York's Park Avenue just before midnight after a strenuous day at the Foreign Ministers' meeting when a man in a slouch hat and raincoat approached and asked: "Sir Gladwyn Jebb?"

Jebb admitted his identity, and the stranger introduced himself: "I am Walter Winchell the columnist."

Said Jebb: "I had been wanting to meet Winchell. I had heard so many things about him—that he was no friend of

ours in his columns or broadcasts."

The two men stood talking for several minutes, and Winchell invited Jebb to the Stork Club for a drink. Crowds there saw Britain's arch-critic and her Uno spokesman sitting side by side for about two hours.

What did they talk about? "I

think that had better remain on the record," says Sir Gladwyn. "Unless Winchell cares to disclose what I said. But I think you may say I put him straight on one or two things."

Sir Gladwyn had only one regret: there were a number of Hollywood and Broadway stars present, "but he was so busy talking he did not introduce me to any of them."

## EX-COMMUNIST

For Mr W. H. Stokes, ex-Communist, whose elevation to the Steel Board caused a rumour in the Commons, the appointment meant an income rise of more than £4,000 a year. Stokes, 55, is divisional manager of the Amalgamated Engineering Union at Coventry. The job is worth less than £1,000 a year; as one of the Steel Board Stokes will be paid £5,000 a year.

How will prosperity change Stokes's way of life? He and Mrs Stokes, married more than 20 years, live now in a modest house in Rochester Road, Coventry. Mrs Stokes is interested but not active in the causes that move her husband.

## NO PLANS TO MOVE

Mr and Mrs Stokes have no children, have spent most of their lives in the Midlands. When he becomes a steel boss Mr Stokes will work in London. But he and his wife have made no arrangements to move there. "I think for the moment we'll stay where we are," says Mrs Stokes. She views her husband's impending rise with "mixed feelings." Said she: "I think it is a big honour, but I suppose it will break a lot of old associations."

Stokes is a teetotaler, does not smoke. At week-ends he likes to watch Coventry rugby team.

## MTB MAN V. ATTLEE

Mr Attlee's Tory opponent at the next election is a young man of 26. Mr Edward Du Cann, son of Mr C. G. L. Du Cann, the Old Bailey barrister, was officially adopted at West Walthamstow.

Mr Du Cann is unmarried, lives with his parents near Harsham and works in a City office. He was a sub-lieutenant in motor torpedo-boats during the war.

He is a parish councillor at Harsham, assisted Lord Winterston there in the last election.

## Lesson For Liz



WHEN actress Elizabeth Taylor returned to New York, after a honeymoon in Europe, she went to the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and took an accordion lesson from Dick Contino. Liz will soon be back in Hollywood and hard at work on a new film to make up for time spent on a long honeymoon.

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## U.S. SECRECY FOUND DANGER TO SCIENCE

The U.S. Government's security and loyalty programmes are unintentionally retarding scientific progress and endangering American leadership in the field, according to a 90,000-word report on the impact of governmental security practices on civil liberties.

Written by Walter Gellhorn, a Professor of Law at Columbia University and a frequent critic of Government loyalty procedures as a director of the American Civil Liberties Union, the report is the first of eight to be published on the findings of a two-year study financed by the Rockefeller Foundation.

## AIR SPEED PAST HUMAN ENDURANCE

High-speed planes are outstripping the abilities of the human body and mind to control them, so the plane of the future will carry its own electronic brain, says a scientist.

In an article dealing with use of electronic calculating machines in problems of automatic flight control, Dr N. E. Edlefsen said the human body's design is becoming the principal stumbling block in development of supersonic military planes.

Dr Edlefsen, associate technical director of North American Aviation's aerophysics laboratory, said in the company's magazine that military aircraft now fly so fast that pilots cannot react quickly enough to fire their guns.

In the future, brains built into small boxes will handle automatically this interception operation, he said.

The devices will be so complicated electronically that test panels will have to be built into the plane, Dr Edlefsen said, and the pilot will do little more than press buttons to supervise action in the various phases of the mission.

Pilots in the jet fighters of the future will "go along for the ride," supplying information that would be difficult to handle electronically, he said.

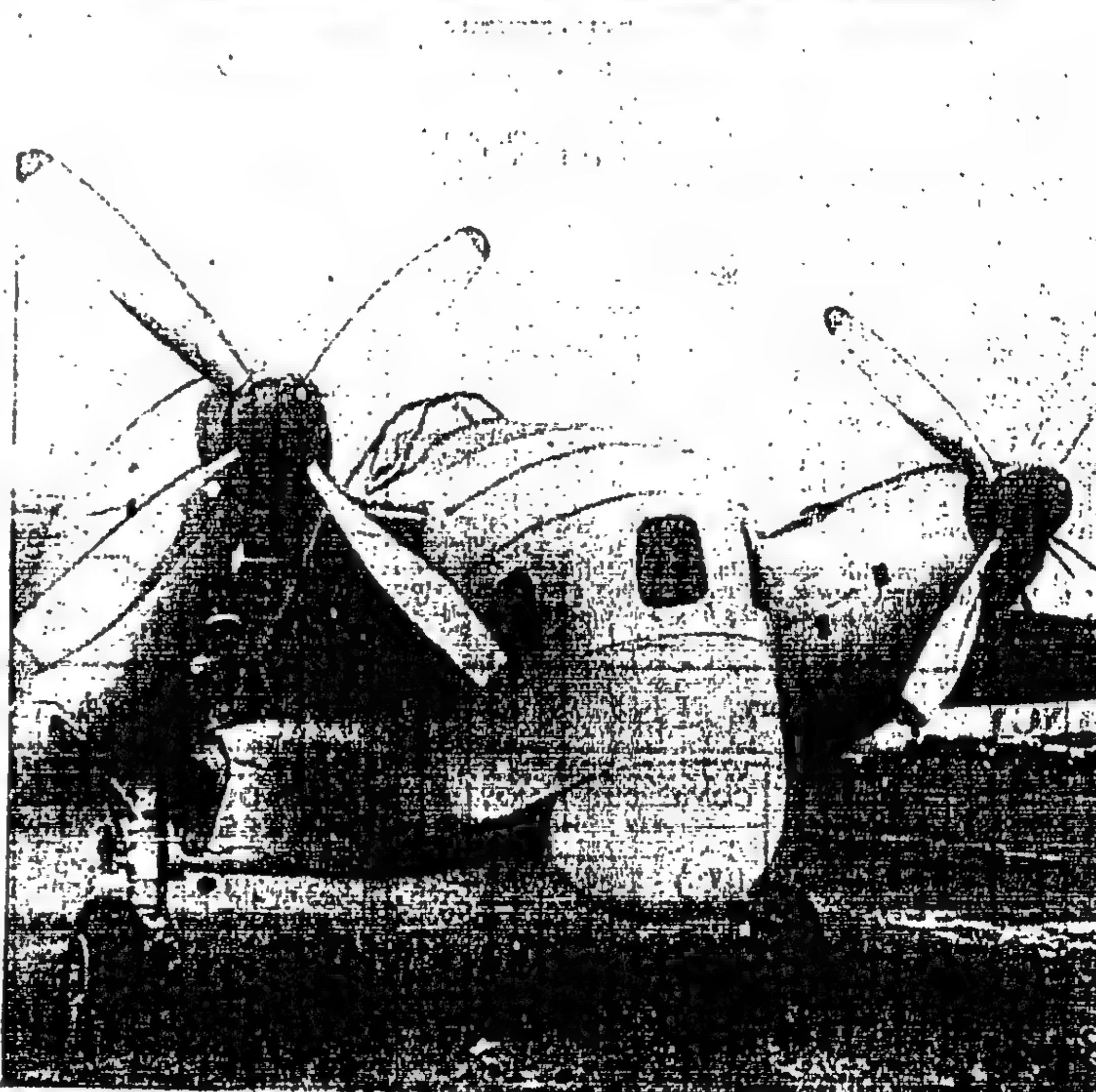
## Who Is Jacob Malik?

Hugh Park, Atlanta Journal writer, made some interesting discoveries when he went about "township Atlanta seeking who Jacob Malik was. He found that besides being the Russian delegate to the United Nations, Malik was a football player, Ku Klux Klansman, baseball player and sailor.

These were some of the answers provided by people on the streets.

Park questioned 20 persons about the identity of Malik and 12 answered incorrectly or said they did not know.

## "Dumbo" Has Photo Taken



"DUMBO," officially the Short S.B. 3, is one of the 58 latest military aircraft in the Society of British Aircraft Constructors' display at Farnborough experimental base. This bulky anti-submarine craft and the others on display were seen by Western experts, but Russian airmen were not invited to the show. (Acme).

## Fine Feathered Friend



BETTY McLaughlin, of Portsmouth, N.H., is doing her good deed. When Smokey, a sea gull, was found injured, Betty offered to nurse the bird back to health, and he looks like he's doing all right. (Acme).

## Heredity Is Unknown Factor In Cancer

A Madam Z. comes down in medical literature because of twenty-six members of her family—mother, children, and grandchildren—sixteen died of cancer. Out of 174 members of the G. family of Michigan, forty-one succumbed to cancer.

There are some striking cases of identical twins who developed tumours in the same period of life and occasionally in the same place.

Such evidence may convince most people that cancer runs in families, but it is not good enough for students of heredity—geneticists.

At the recent meeting of the Genetics Society of America, held at Columbus, Ohio, to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the discovery of Mendel's laws of heredity, Dr Clarence C. Little, organizer and director of the Roscoe B. Jackson Memorial Laboratory of Bar Harbor, Me., went over the ground again. He is the geneticist who convinced biologists years ago that, though cancer may not be inherited as such, susceptibility or non-susceptibility is certainly inherited.

"In most types of cancer heredity may be involved, but its effects are complex and often indirect and unpredictable," said Dr Little. "Heredity is therefore, at present, a variable and uncertain factor in the incidence of human cancer."

## INBRED MICE CANCER

The cause is different for laboratory mice. Dr Little pointed out mice which are highly susceptible or highly resistant to cancer are inbred for many generations. In some of these inbred mice cancer of the breast will occur in over 90 percent of the females. Does this prove in itself that cancer of the breast is hereditary? Not at all.

Fifteen years ago Dr John J. Bittner, then one of Dr Little's colleagues, but now a member of the faculty of the University of Minnesota, transferred the newborn young of these females at birth to foster mothers. The incidence of breast cancer dropped to almost nothing. Evidently something in the milk of the cancer-susceptible mother brought on cancer of the breast when the young matured.

Now geneticists speak of the "milk factor," and many of them believe that the milk factor is a virus. The point is, as Dr Little pointed out, that the part played by heredity in the transmission of cancer has not yet been determined.

## INFLUENCE OF HORMONES

The case for the heredity influence of hormones is a little better. Here, Dr Little said, genetic influences are clearer.

Human beings are mongrels. There is no human stock on earth as pure as Dr Little's mice. For this reason it is hard to discover just what heredity plays in the development of human cancer. It is also for this reason that the pure strains of inbred mice that Dr Little's laboratory has been supplying for many years are of such importance. Some 240 institutions are now conducting researches with these strains not only in cancer but in other diseases.

Why are these "pure-bred," aristocratic mice with known genealogies so important to these institutions? The answer is that the experimenters know exactly with what kind of material they are dealing, so that genetic influences can be separated from others.

## HOUSE CHORES

The agency's statistics also show that the development of household appliances has reduced the number and burden of house and farm chores and consequently the usefulness about the house of older relatives.

"The big increase in the last 50 years in the relative number of older persons," the agency points out, "has been accompanied by significant changes in the proportion of other age groups in the population."

"Increased length of life is a result of better living conditions and gains in the control of infectious diseases are reflected in relatively more people not only in old age but in middle age as well."

With Americans living to an older age, the problem of treating diseases of old age becomes more acute.



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WHICH ROUND WILL YOU KNOCK HIS BLOCK OFF IN, CHAMP?  
"NOTHING LIKE THAT, GENTS! SCIENCE, NOT MANSLAUGHTER!"

ANOTHER FORTHCOMING CONTEST

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"I'M UP HERE TO LOOK OVER A GIANT READY TO WORK FOR DREAMS"

**Yes, the rain shines bright on Loch Lomond**

by **WILLIAM BARKLEY**

LOCH LOMOND, THIS month the Queen, a Scottish Queen, God bless her, will pull a lever at the top of Loch Lomond and immediately a great giant will start to work for Britain.

He is called Ben Vorlich. And he is going to work for us to heat our baths in Glasgow, and in London too possibly, because he will be rigged up on the national grid.

It is beyond words, this development of hydro-electric power in Scotland. It is something in the pure realm of poetry.

There, after five years' work by 2,200 men, the scene quietsens, and ten men per shift attend this great giant who has agreed to provide our morning tea and our powerful machine tools.

This is a thing that is difficult to put into language, but let me try.

They will have their huts lighted. They will have their breakfasts cooked, all in a side-line, by the great Loch Sloy, who is meanwhile attending to his business of boiling the grid and at the same instant creating the next powerful booster.

Now look at these mighty mountains and these desolate areas. No human being could scratch a living hereabouts. One scratch of the soil and you come down on solid rock. No human habitation except one lonely cottage, can be seen for 25 miles.

YET this is said to be the ancient territory of the MacFarlanes. How they lived, only the MacFarlanes know.

When the full moon came up it was called MacFarlanes' Lantern, and that gave them light for their dirty deeds. They marauded, and they plundered, and when life got too difficult they came down to the bonnie, bonnie banks of Loch Lomond and rowed themselves over to a little island and stayed there until the sheriff relented.

But back to the lochsides. I hope the Scottish Nationalist movement will not be too deeply disturbed when I tell about the man who did it all—a Scotsman from Cork.

I think, on behalf of the Scottish Covenant Movement, we had better appropriate Mr Harold Daniels.

He is taller than I am, that is to say he is over six feet; he has a line of features in his face rather like Ben Vorlich; he came here five years ago with a hut to house two men; he has seen all this great development under his eyes.

I said to him, "You must be a proud man." But, of course a man like that does not know what pride is. He lives pride. He is pride and therefore he knows nothing about it.

The second name in this immense Scottish story is Sir Edward MacColl who is the fore-sighted engineer of all these schemes, but the third name which you and I should not forget is Tom Johnston.

What a wonderful world we live in near the bonnie, bonnie banks of Loch Lomond, when you take the high road and I take the low road, tunnelling through Ben Vorlich to provide ourselves with amenities.

(—London Express Service)

**THESE THREE**

YET this is said to be the ancient territory of the MacFarlanes. How they lived, only the MacFarlanes know.

**FOR EVER . . .**

THE barren and unproductive wilderness of Loch Sloy and Ben Vorlich, by its sheer power in weight, will operate for ever at no cost to give us amenities in our crowded cities.

Out of the wilderness comes light and heat. Out of the barren mountain your hot-water bottle. What also strikes one on visiting this scheme is how it procures itself.

The great power cable strides over the mountains from the side of Ben Vorlich all the way 40 miles to Bearsden in Glasgow, and when the Queen's hand touches that lever on October 18 a hundred million kilowatts of power will flow. It will probably mean that there will be no domestic "peak-hour" worries in Glasgow.

And possibly, as life does on abundantly, there will be no "peak-hour" troubles in Birmingham; but this is only the beginning.

**THE BABIES**

THIS is only the first of 102 schemes of Highland planning in which these Grampian Mountains by their mere existence will work for us.

But big as this scheme is, what fascinates me in looking around Loch Sloy is not so much the pylons striding off to Glasgow. Much more I was fascinated by a baby line of pylons which, quietly, without anybody noticing it (although men had to sweat to do it) was creeping up to Glen Shirra.

This little line will provide the power to build the next power station.

**NANCY** Tall Story

PARDON ME, YOUNG LADY

WOULD YOU PLEASE COME OUT AND TIE MY SHOELACE

WHY DON'T YOU DO IT YOURSELF?

I CAN'T

EAT AT JOE'S

**The Paul Richey atom-bomber disclosures ARE MINISTRY INQUIRY PROMISED IMMEDIATELY**

**THE** Air Ministry is to inquire immediately into the state of security on the air stations used by the American B-50 bombers—the aircraft in England capable of delivering the atom bomb.

This decision, I learn, was taken only a few hours after publication (Hongkong Telegraph, Sept. 23) of my experiences at Lakenheath RAF station in Suffolk. There, unmolested by guards, I was able to drive up in a private car and quite openly examine in detail a group of six B-50's on the runway.

The inquiry, I can promise, will be welcomed by everyone who understands the threat.

Both R.A.F. and U.S.A.F. officers in operational commands are worried by the lack of security on their stations.

I was astonished to see a civilian cycling past me along the perimeter-rack between the other Vampires.

Strapped in, with parachute, safety-harness, helmet, oxygen and radio mask, I could do nothing but catch the attention of a nearby airman and ask him to telephone the guardroom immediately.

The civilian was picked up within two minutes. He turned out to belong to an Air Ministry Works and Buildings detachment which had installed itself on the airfield—even to the extent of having a hut of its own—without the station's knowledge.

Yes, I prophesy that once the inquiry starts there will certainly be plenty to inquire into.

**Paul Richey**

By **Ernie Bushmiller**

**bif**

When there's bif I needn't use my fist!

SURE HILL

THE HONG KONG CO.

**NEW STAGE PRODUCTIONS & REVIVALS**

By **R.G. WEETLOCK**

London. **THOUGH** the London theatrical season, unlike that in some European capitals, continues nowadays all the year round; there is always a marked increase of first nights in September. The last few weeks have seen several new productions and some revivals. Most important among them are Emlyn Williams' "Accolade" and the revival of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" by Arthur Wing Pinero, with the beautiful Eileen Herlie in the part in which Mrs. Patrick Campbell electrified playgoers in the 1890's.

Emlyn Williams plays the leading role in his new play—that of a successful novelist, noted for the skill with which he depicts the seamy side of life. A Nobel prize winner, he is about to be knighted for his services to literature when the play opens. But his knowledge of vice is not merely academic. Because he has always been frank about this to his wife, and because of her sympathetic understanding, he has believed he could have the best of both worlds with impunity.

The Three Choirs Festival was held in Gloucester in the West of England, this year. The London Symphony and Boyd Neel Orchestra participated, and among the new works given were Vaughan Williams' Fantasia on the "Old 104th" Psalm tune for piano, chorus and orchestra, and Herbert Howells' "Hymnus Paradisi." The firm work consists of a series of variations, in which the play plays a leading part. The "Hymnus Paradisi" is in five movements and centres round a requiem for the composer's son.

**Third Festival**

During the last two weeks of September, Swansea, in Wales, held its Third Festival of Music and the Arts. This included eight concerts by the London Philharmonic Orchestra, and a production by the Arts Council's Swansea Theatre Company of Bernard Shaw's "Saint Joan."

One of the aims of this Festival is to stimulate and encourage Welsh composers. In 1940 Daniel Jones's Symphony No. 1 was given its first concert performance. This year a £50 prize was offered for a Festival Overture, the winner being Dr. Haydn Morris, of Llanelli.

London's National Gallery has recently carried out an experiment in lighting and air-conditioning in one of its galleries which enables it to show some of its choicest masterpieces unglazed and to better advantage than ever before. A new glass roof has been hung 21 feet above the floor, designed to keep the colour of the sunlight and yet so diffuse that it shows some of its choicest masterpieces unglazed and to better advantage than ever before. A new glass roof has been hung 21 feet above the floor, designed to keep the colour of the sunlight and yet so diffuse that it shows some of its choicest masterpieces unglazed and to better advantage than ever before. A new glass roof has been hung 21 feet above the floor, designed to keep the colour of the sunlight and yet so diffuse that it shows some of its choicest masterpieces unglazed and to better advantage than ever before.

**Silky Blackmailer**

The news of his knighthood, however, causes his photograph to be published in the Press, and this brings to his house a silky blackmailer, a discredited lawyer, who alleges that the novelist has seduced his 15-year-old daughter. This is an indelible offence and one calculated to ruin the author's reputation; but he is courageous enough to resist blackmail and let the case go forward, even though this means telling his 14-year-old son the truth. This story is told with great dramatic skill and acted by a first-rate cast.

"The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" was a landmark in its day, and though the Woman with a Past has become outmoded and the piece is no longer even faintly shocking, it is still a well made play with some fine acting parts.

Miss Herlie is the first to essay the difficult leading role since Gladys Cooper played it in 1922. She is rather young for the part, a little too statuesque, a little lacking in warmth, but her performance, if not electrifying, is always interesting and intelligent. Cecil Beaton's dress and dresses are, as usual, memorable.

**Old Masters**

All the paintings on view are Italian Old Masters of the 15th century. They include Leonardo da Vinci's "Virgin of the Rocks," which has recently been cleaned; Bellini's "Madonna of the Pomegranate," Michelangelo's Entombment; Verrocchio's "Madonna and Child"; and other masterpieces. Five other rooms will be similarly equipped in due course. It is said that the new system will add hundreds of years to the life of the pictures.

Britain, like France and Switzerland, has some finely produced books on art in detail by the Phaidon Press, each devoted to the works of one artist, are famous. They are shortly issuing a new edition of "Italian Paintings and Drawings," containing reproductions of all the artist's paintings, and their "Studies of Italian Renaissance Sculpture," with 250 illustrations, is eagerly awaited.

**Great Modern**

Another interesting art book recently published is a critical study by Frederick B. Debnat of the work of the Norwegian painter Edvard Munch. Though long recognised as one of the first great modern painters, Munch's work is not known in detail by the average British art lover. This book with its 70 fine reproductions of his paintings, drawings and woodcuts, and an introduction by John H. Langard, director of the Municipal Collections, Oslo, will do much to focus interest on his achievement.

Lovers of poetry will welcome yet another anthology compiled by Dr. Edith Sitwell. Called "A Book of the Winter," it is a collection of poems and small press passages, mainly in praise of this season. There are sections dealing with Christmas (including some little known carols), with ghosts and fairies, and with winter pastimes, and some fine Christmas carols are included. Dr. Sitwell draws on Pliny, the Japanese Lady Murasaki, Villon, Mallarmé and Baudelaire, as well as on English writers, for her treasures.



# Russia's Mental Hair Jacket Is Cause Of Irritation

## BEVIN ANALYSIS: LESS FEAR OF NEW WORLD WAR

Southampton, Oct. 4.  
The Foreign Secretary, Mr Ernest Bevin, arriving here today from New York, said that he thought Russia would be "more careful" after the United Nations success in Korea.

### Fate Of Foreigners In Seoul Undetermined

Seoul, Oct. 4.  
The fate of more than 20 foreign residents of Seoul, who remained behind when the government abandoned the capital to the Communists on June 25, is still a mystery, authoritative sources said today.

Information gathered by investigators from servants, neighbours and acquaintances indicated that most of the foreigners in Seoul were taken into custody on July 2 and removed, presumably to Pyongyang on July 24.

Reports from London said that Vyacheslav Molotov, Minister to the Foreign Office from Pyongyang, said:

The latest information is that Messrs Paraucho and Medmore of the French Legation and Maurice Chanceloup of the American Legation were confined to the French Legation compound until July 2 when they were taken to a local office of the Communist "Peace Preservation Corps." There they were interrogated individually but not mistreated.

The apostolic delegate, Monsignor Byrne, and his assistant, Father Booth, were not allowed to leave the compound but were given freedom of the Catholic Cathedral in Seoul until they were arrested by the Peace Preservation Corps.

A French and two Belgian nuns from the Saint Paul and Carmelite Orders were arrested later. All were taken from Seoul on July 24.

An earlier report that two French Catholic priests were arrested and executed in the Chonan area on the fall of that city on July 2 could not be confirmed and investigators could give no whereabouts of a retired French businessman identified only as Monsieur Plazant and four other French priests in territory occupied by the Reds.—United Press.

### Oil Pipe Leak Threatens Entire Town

Cortemaggiore, Italy, Oct. 4.  
The Italian police authorities tonight completed plans to evacuate this "oil town" if engineers failed to repair a leak in an oil pipe from which highly inflammable oil fumes were being that hundreds of yards into the air.

The company said that the leak was made last night shortly after the drills were halted and a pipe was sunk into the hole.

Workers were thrown yards away from the top of the well when the first jet of compressed gas burst through the leak. One worker was hurt.

The engineers, covered in oil and in some cases wearing gas masks, were today cautiously working their way into the centre of the oil jet. Visibility tonight was down to a few feet and the atmosphere in the area, the engineers warned, was very dangerous.—Reuter.

### Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. 600, "Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary: 0.02 Children's Story; "Said the Cat to the Dog"—By Martin Armstrong (T. 4); "Foreign Languages" (H.K.T.S.); 0.30, "Symphony for Strings"—Cello and its Soloist (H.K.T.S.); 0.40, "Take It from Here"—With Joy Nichols, Dick Bentley and Jimmy Edwards (H.K.T.S.); 0.50, "La Dominière" (Studio); 0.55, World News and News Analysis (London Relay); 1.0, "Dance Bandstand"—Band of the Irish Guards conducted by Lt. C. H. Jagger (H.K.T.S.); 1.05, Sports Review—By Bill Phillips (Studio); 1.10, "From the Editorials" (London Relay); 1.15, Weather Report; 1.20, "Thursday Serenade"—A Programme of Continuous Music Arranged by Betty Brown; 1.30, Book Review by Allen Dakers (Studio); 1.45, "At the Opera" Act 2, "Aida" (Verdi). With the Principal Members of the Chorus and Orchestra of the Opera House, Rome conducted by Tullio Serafin; 1.50, "Where Do We Go from Here?"—A Mystery play by Dorothy L. Sayers (H.K.T.S.); 1.55, Radio News Reel (London Relay); 2.0, Weather Report; 2.05, "Good Night Music"—God Save the King; 2.10, Close Down.

Mr Bevin added: "It is not Russia as much as the Muscovites. In all her history she has been trying to expand."

Asked if he thought that Russia wanted an all-out war, Mr Bevin told reporters: "I do not think so. I doubt if ever they do. I do not think they would be as unwise as that."

Mr Bevin declared that Russia was like a nation "wearing a mental hair-jacket which is continually irritating everybody else."

"Once it is recognized that it does not pay and it is impossible then I think the world will turn its attention to peaceable endeavours and the people will feel safer and more comfortable," he said.

Elaborating on his remark about Russian expansion, Mr Bevin said: "She tries to do it as cheaply as she can. I think it was very fortunate for the world that the thing in Korea happened to be comparatively small."

AN OLD METHOD  
Mr Bevin said that Russia "pushed the Koreans into it" and might well have set the match and started a world conflagration. She did it in Greece and in Persia immediately after the war closed—she did not want to withdraw her troops and carry out the treaty—and she had constantly adopted this system either of infiltration or the promotion of civil war so that she could expand out of the chaos, Mr Bevin declared.

"It is an old method. The Czechs did it and, of course, in addition they now have the impact of the Marxist-Lenin theory behind them with which they have to save the world or something else," he added.

Mr Bevin said that the Russians took a great risk in Berlin. Every day in Berlin there might have been an incident. All the problems had been frankly faced during the talks in the United States. "We have told her that if she starts using her police in Berlin and using these tactics, it is not left to the local inhabitants to sort it out," he said.—Reuter.

### China Reds Extend Stay

London, Oct. 4.  
The Foreign Office said today that the Chinese Communist delegation which arrived from Peking on September 29 would be permitted to remain in Britain until October 30.

The delegation, led by the vice-chairman of the All China Trade Union Federation, was the first to reach Britain from China since Britain recognized the Peking regime last January.

The Foreign Office had initially granted permission for the delegation to spend one week in Britain for celebration of Communist China's first anniversary.

The delegation is scheduled to visit Scotland, several industrial centres and Cambridge University before returning to Peking by air on October 30.—United Press.

### WEDDING PARTY TRAGEDY

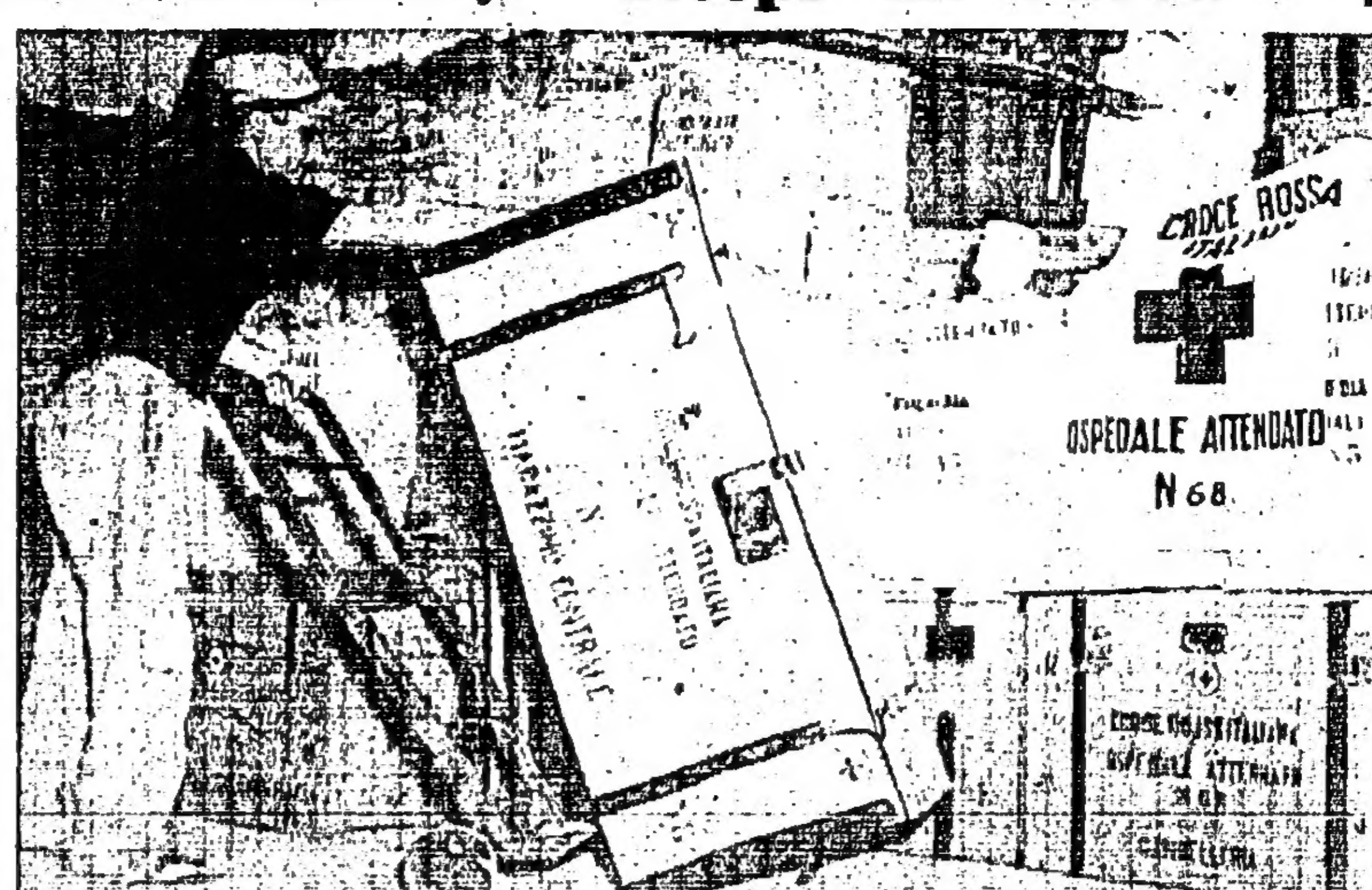
Mombasa, Oct. 4.  
Seven people were killed today when a private bus taking guests to the wedding of an Indian advocate here fell into the water at a ferry crossing.

The bride, a young Indian girl, and the groom escaped with another six people from the bus which carried 32 people.—Reuter.

### SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith

"I have to tell you a good one on my wife—when you first mentioned coming to visit us, she thought you were my cousins instead of hers!"

### Italian Gesture To Troops In Korea



The Italian Red Cross recently prepared a complete Field Hospital for the United Nations troops in Korea. Picture shows the packages ready for transport. (London Express Service).



A happy picture of Princess Margaret, caught by the camera at the Perth Hunt meeting at Scone Palace recently.—(Central Press).

### America's Attitude Towards Taipeh Comes Under Fire

Washington, Oct. 4.  
The Administration is bracing itself on Wednesday for new Republican attacks on its policy toward Nationalist China.

With the State Department already involved in a clash with Senator Styles Bridges, it is expected that other Republican legislators would join Mr Bridges in denouncing the withdrawal of the United States military mission to Nationalist China.

Mr Bridges, a consistent critic of the State Department, formed the withdrawal of the mission would face serious adverse reaction from most Asian countries and Britain, which recognises the Chinese Communist as the legal government of China.

Senator Bridges earlier accused the Department of planning "to sell out" China to the Reds. He based the charge on the United Nations Security Council vote to invite a representative of the Peking government to testify before the Council on the Formosa issue.

The State Department replied that Mr Bridges' statement was "rash" and "unfounded." It said the United States was simply outvoted on the question of inviting a Communist representative to appear before the Council.

FURTHER CHARGE  
The State Department also denied Senator Bridges' statement that he believed the State Department ordered General MacArthur to withdraw the military mission from Formosa. Officials said the mission apparently had been completed by the Nationalist defence. Authorities said the mission was dispatched by General MacArthur to determine whether the American decision of January 5 to send no more arms to the Nationalists should be changed in the light of the Korean war.

Administration officials conceded they cannot hope to win, whether they decide to give more arms to Chiang Kai-shek or not. If ways and dollars could be found to help the Nationalists, the State Department would face serious adverse reaction from most Asian countries and Britain, which recognises the Chinese Communist as the legal government of China.

State officials said Communist propaganda would feed on such a decision.

### CAMPAIGN TARGET

If more guns are not given to the Nationalists, the Republicans will blast the Administration more than ever in advance of the November elections. The Republicans already regard the Administration's policy on Formosa as a good campaign target.

The White House and the State Department are against retention of American military bases on Formosa. General MacArthur, with some Defence Department support strongly urges consideration of the island as a key to American military strategy in the Pacific.—United Press.

### Liquid Glass Hampers Firemen

London, Oct. 4.  
A pool of red-hot liquid glass held up fire fighters during a factory blaze in London's East End tonight.

Glass panes manufactured and stored at the factory melted under the intense heat. Firemen finally entered the building under a protective shower of water poured on them from hoses in the area.—Reuter.

### Leave For Hongkong

Southampton, Oct. 4.  
Britain's latest converted troop transport, the 11,000-ton Dilwara left Southampton today for Singapore and Hongkong with 700 Servicemen and 223 families.

A Royal Artillery band and Scots Guards pipers played the ship out.—Reuter.

### Buried In Landslide

Stockholm, Oct. 4.  
A new landslide in the wrecked West Swedish village of Surte today dragged three workmen about 420 yards and buried one of them up to his waist.

None of the rescue was hurt. Last week about 40 buildings in Surte were dragged into the valley of a nearby river by a landslide of wet clay.—Reuter.

### Indonesia Makes No Apology For Ambon Invasion

Djakarta, Oct. 4.  
The Indonesian Government today officially confirmed that it was taking "positive measures" against the "rebel" Government of the South Moluccas, set up in Ambon.

In a cable to Dr William Drees, the Dutch Prime Minister, the Indonesian Prime Minister, Dr Mohammed Natsir, said that his Government had been "compelled, with regret," to take these measures.

Military sources here described these measures as an "all-out offensive" against Ambon.

Today's statement, which was made in reply to a cable yesterday from Dr Drees expressing his Government's "great anxiety" about the Indonesian action in Ambon, was the first from an official Indonesian source after days of reports of an invasion of the island.

It was learned at The Hague today that Holland has "drawn the attention" of the United Nations Commission for Indonesia to the military action taken by the Indonesian Government against Ambon Island.

Ambon is the seat of the self-proclaimed Republic of the South Moluccas, which does not recognise sovereignty of the Djakarta Government.

The Indonesian Prime Minister said: "For the protection of the people of Ambon in particular, and to secure the interests of people of Indonesia in general, the Government, to its regret, finds itself compelled to take positive measures, but with the conviction that these measures will restore peace and freedom for the people of the South Moluccas Islands."

GREAT CHANGES  
Declaring his Government had "left no stone unturned" to find a peaceful settlement of the South Moluccas problem, Dr Natsir said that the "Government expresses the hope that the difficulties which are being overcome in the South Moluccas will constitute the last of a series of difficulties which cannot be dissociated from the withdrawal of the Netherlands instrument of power from Indonesia."

"The Indonesian Government regards the problems it faces in the South Moluccas as part of the difficulties which always arise in a period of great changes such as the Indonesian and Netherlands societies are now going through following the transfer of sovereignty. "A small gang of armed persons who were under the responsibility of the Netherlands Government after the transfer of sovereignty continually attempt to resist and withdraw from the course of history, now taking place in Indonesia."

Without openly blaming the Dutch Government for the Ambon revolt, Dr Natsir said that it was started last April by a gang of KNIL (Royal Netherlands East Indies Army) troops and that the Dutch Government, which was responsible for these men, had not taken any strict measures against them.

Colonel Schotborg, who was despatched to Ambon, failed to net as was required of him and even took part in a ceremony to strike the Netherlands flag and hoist the flag of the so-called Republic of the South Moluccas in the KNIL barracks," he said.

Private reports, from the Ambon area late today, quoted by high Indonesian sources here, said that Indonesian troops were in control of the northern part of Ambon Island.

These reports said that Ambon City had been strafed and shelled by the Indonesian Air Force and Navy. The Ambonese were said to be resisting fiercely and taking severe action against the Ambonese aiding the invaders.

Some Ambonese members of the Indonesian Parliament said privately tonight that they supported the Government's action against Ambon.—Reuter.

### CZECHS ESCAPE BY PLANE

London, Oct. 4.  
Twelve Czechoslovak refugees, including women and children, landed at Manston Airport, Kent, on Saturday, the Air Ministry stated tonight.

The plane and its occupants were handed over to the immigration officials.

The plane was a Dakota aircraft piloted by Captain Kaucký, chief test pilot of the Czechoslovak Airlines. It was understood that the male members of the party were members of an underground movement, who heard that the Czech authorities had learned of their activities and fled the country to avoid arrest.

It was reported in Prague last night that Captain Kaucký, a former Royal Air Force pilot, had failed to return to Ruzyně Airport, near Prague, after a test flight in a Dakota on Saturday morning.—Reuter.

### G.B.S. RECOVERS

Luton, Bedfordshire, Oct. 4.  
George Bernard Shaw, 94-year-old playwright, left hospital today. Mr Shaw has been in hospital since September 11, when he was operated on for a fractured thigh after a fall in his garden the previous day.—Reuter.

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